	Case 5.06-cv-01154-JF Document to Flied	106/23/2006 Page 1 01 4					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EDMUND G. BROWN JR. Attorney General of the State of California DANE R. GILLETTE Chief Assistant Attorney General GERALD A. ENGLER Senior Assistant Attorney General PAMELA K. CRITCHFIELD Deputy Attorney General GREGORY A. OTT Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 160803 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 Telephone: (415) 703-5964 Fax: (415) 703-1234 Email: gregory.ott@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for Respondent						
10	IN THE UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT					
11	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA					
12	SAN JOSE DIV	TISION					
13							
14	VICTOR ROGER HERNANDEZ,	C 08-1154 JF (PR)					
15 16	Petitioner, v.	MOTION TO DISMISS PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AS UNTIMELY					
17	JAMES YATES, Warden,						
18	Respondent.						
19							
20	California state prisoner Victor Roger Herna	ndez ("petitioner") has filed a petition for writ					
21	of habeas corpus in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§	2241 & 2254(d). Respondent hereby moves					
22	this Court for an order dismissing the petition on the ground that it is untimely. See 28 U.S.C. §						
23							
24							
25	v. Maass, 915 F.2d 418, 420 (9th Cir. 1990); Rules Governing 28 U.S.C. § 2254 Cases, Rule 4 and						
26	Advisory Committee Notes. Respondent has not noticed this motion for hearing as petitioner is in						
27	custody and not represented by counsel.						
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PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On May 14, 1996, in Santa Clara County Superior Court, pursuant to a plea bargain, petitioner pleaded guilty to felony possession of PCP and misdemeanor under the influence of PCP, and admitted two "strike" prior convictions and three prior prison terms. ** See Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 11377(a), 11550(a); Cal. Penal Code §§ 667.5(b), 1170.12. On December 9, 1996, petitioner was sentenced to twenty-five years to life in prison. Exh. A; see Cal. Penal Code § 1170.12(c)(2)(A)(ii).

Petitioner directly appealed from his judgment with appointed counsel. Petitioner subsequently requested to abandon the appeal, however, before briefing. Exh. B. The court of appeal granted the request, and dismissed the direct appeal on April 8, 1997. Exh. B.

On January 27, 2004, petitioner filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus in Santa Clara County Superior Court. Exh. C. That court denied the petition on March 4, 2004. Exh. C.

On May 12, 2006, petitioner filed a second petition for writ of habeas corpus in Santa Clara County Superior Court. Exh. D. That court denied the petition, inter alia, as untimely, on July 5, 2006. Exh. D.

On August 11, 2006, petitioner filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus in the California Court of Appeal. Exh. E. That court denied the petition on September 1, 2006. Exh. E.

On September 22, 2006, petitioner filed a third petition for writ of habeas corpus in Santa Clara County Superior Court. Exh. F. That court denied the petition, inter alia, as untimely, on October 27, 2006. Exh. F.

On December 13, 2006, petitioner filed a second petition for writ of habeas corpus in the California Court of Appeal. Exh. G. That court denied the petition on January 5, 2007. Exh. G.

On February 6, 2007, petitioner filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus in the California Supreme Court. Exh. H. That court denied the petition as untimely on July 11, 2007. Exh. H (citing *In re Robbins*, 18 Cal. 4th 770, 780 (1998)).

On or after February 14, 2008 (signature date), petitioner constructively filed the instant

1. Petitioner has attached to his petition the transcript of the May 14, 1996, change of plea hearing. A transcript of the subsequent sentencing hearing accompanies this motion as exhibit A.

Mtn. To Dismiss Pet. For Writ Of Habeas Corpus As Untimely—Hernandez v. Yates, No. C 08-1154 JF (PR)

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petition by delivering to prison authorities for mailing to this Court. See Petition at 7. The petition was filed in fact on February 27, 2008.

ARGUMENT

The petition was filed beyond the one-year statute of limitations. It must be dismissed. Petitioner's 28 U.S.C. § 2254 petition is governed by the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996, which imposes a one-year statute of limitations on the filing of federal habeas petitions. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1). Here, the limitations period commenced against petitioner on April 8, 1997, when the California Court of Appeal dismissed, on petitioner's request, his direct appeal. Exh. B. The limitations period expired a year later, on April 8, 1998. As petitioner filed the instant petition in 2008, it is untimely by several years unless tolling applies.

Although petitioner commenced collateral review in state court in 2004 by filing a series of petitions, those filings did not toll the statute of limitations, as the limitations period had expired some six years earlier, on April 8, 1998. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(2); Ferguson v. Palmateer, 321 F.3d 820, 823 (9th Cir. 2003); Exhs. C-H. Specifically, petitioner allowed 2,485 days (4/08/97—1/27/04) of untolled time to pass before beginning to pursue his remedies in state court. See Exh. C-D. He allowed yet another 218 days (7/11/07—2/14/08) of untolled to pass following his completion of state collateral review. See Exh. H.

Although not necessary to a finding of untimeliness here, we nonetheless note that petitioner is not entitled to statutory tolling during the pendency of his second and third Alameda County Superior Court habeas petitions, Exhs. D, F, and California Supreme Court habeas petition, Exh. H. Those petitions were denied as untimely, and thus not "properly filed" for purposes of 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(2). See Pace v. DiGuglielmo, 544 U.S. 408 (2005); Bonner v. Carey, 425 F.3d 1145, 1148-49 (9th Cir. 2005), amended 439 F.3d 993 (9th Cir.), cert. denied, 127 S. Ct. 132 (2006); Exhs. D, Order at 2-3; F, Order at 2-3; H (citing *In re Robbins*, 18 Cal. 4th 770, 780 (1998)).

In summary, petitioner filed the instant petition ten years after the expiration of the statute of limitations. The petition accordingly must be dismissed with prejudice as untimely. See 28

^{2.} As petitioner voluntarily dismissed his appeal, additional time for certiorari, review, or rehearing is not applicable.

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1	U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1).									
2	CONCLUSION									
3	Accordingly, for the reasons stated, respondent respectfully requests that the petition for									
4	writ of habeas corpus be dismissed with prejudice as untimely.									
5	Dated: June 20, 2008									
6	Respectfully submitted,									
7	EDMUND G. BROWN JR.									
8	Attorney General of the State of California DANE R. GILLETTE									
9	Chief Assistant Attorney General									
10	GERALD A. ENGLER Senior Assistant Attorney General									
11	PAMELA K. CRITCHFIELD Deputy Attorney General									
12										
13	/s/ Gregory A. Ott									
14	GREGORY A. OTT Deputy Attorney General									
15	Attorneys for Respondent									
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	Mtn. To Dismiss Pet. For Writ Of Habeas Corpus As Untimely—Hernandez v. Yates, No. C 08-1154 JF (PR) 4									

EXHIBIT A

1	TO THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CAMPORNA						
2	SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT U						
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5	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE)						
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15	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, PLAINTIFF-RESPONDENT, VS. VICTOR ROGER HERNANDEZ, DEFENDANT-APPELLANT, NO. H016298						
16	THE HONORABLE WILLIAM F. MARTIN, JUDGE						
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1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA						
2	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA						
3	BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM F. MARTINE, JUDGE						
4	DEPARTMENT 3						
5	000						
6							
7	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, PLAINTIFF,]					
9	VS.]] CASE NO. 186850					
10	VICTOR R. HERNANDEZ, DEFENDANT.] CASE NO. 180850					
11	DEFENDANT.	SENTENCING					
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13							
14	REPORTER'S TRANSCRI	PT OF PROCEEDINGS					
15	HELD ON DECEM	BER 9, 1996					
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21	APPEARANCES:						
22	FOR THE PEOPLE:	GEORGE CHADWICK, D.D.A.					
23	FOR THE DEFENDANT:	J.J. KAPP, D.P.D.					
24	FOR ADULT PROBATION:	JOHN HULL, APO					
25	REPORTED BY:	LEANNA JANE LANE, C.S.R. CERTIFICATE NO. 3337					
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DECEMBER 9, 1996 SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA 1 2 PROCEEDINGS: 3 THE COURT: THIS IS THE MATTER OF THE PEOPLE OF 4 THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA VERSUS VICTOR HERNANDEZ. APPEARANCE 5 6 FOR MR. HERNANDEZ, PLEASE. 7 MR. KAPP: J.J. KAPP FOR MR. HERNANDEZ, YOUR HONOR. MR. HERNANDEZ IS PRESENT. 8 9 THE COURT: AND IN CUSTODY. FOR THE PROSECUTION? MR. CHADWICK: GEORGE CHADWICK. 10 11 THE COURT: AND FOR THE PROBATION DEPARTMENT? MR. HULL: JOHN HULL, YOUR HONOR. 12 THE COURT: THANK YOU. THIS IS THE TIME AND PLACE 13 SET FOR SENTENCING. AND I KNOW WE HAVE CONTINUED THIS A 14 COUPLE TIMES, MR. HERNANDEZ, BECAUSE OF THE EXPOSURE IN 15 TERMS OF TIME IN PRISON THAT YOU FACE AND WE WANT TO BE 16 17 CAREFUL ABOUT THIS. I HAVE RECEIVED A MOTION OR A RESPONSE TO A MOTION 18 FILED BY THE PROSECUTION TODAY AND I'LL HAVE THAT FILED BY 19 THE CLERK. IT CITES A CASE CALLED CEPEDA. I'VE GOT A 20 TRANSCRIPT OF THE CHANGE OF PLEA. 21 22 MR. KAPP, I WOULD LIKE TO HEAR YOUR THOUGHTS, SIR. MR. KAPP: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR. 23 MR. KAPP; INDICATING AT THE OUTSET THAT MR. 24 HERNANDEZ DOES NOT -- IS NOT MAKING A MOTION TO WITHDRAW HIS 25 PLEA AND DOES NOT INTEND TO DO SO, I FIRST WOULD REQUEST TO 26 THE COURT THAT THE COURT REDUCE THE CHARGE THAT MR. 27 28 HERNANDEZ CURRENTLY STANDS CONVICTED OF TO A MISDEMEANOR

PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 FOR THE REASONS STATED IN OUR PAPERS,
THE LENIENCY FACTORS AND REASONS STATED IN OUR REASONS FOR
DISMISSAL PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE SECTION 1385 WHICH THE
COURT HAD REVIEWED AT THE TIME OF THE CHANGE OF PLEA WHICH
WAS MAY 14TH I BELIEVE, IN THIS DEPARTMENT.

IN THE ALTERNATIVE TO THAT, I WOULD REQUEST THAT
THE COURT NOW CONSIDER THE ROMERO CASE, STRIKE ONE OF THE
1170.12 PRIORS FOR THE SAME REASONS, AND ALSO CONSIDER
LETTERS FROM MR. HERNANDEZ'S MOTHER WHICH I SUBMITTED TO THE
COURT ON OCTOBER 23RD, ONE DATED JUNE 6TH, 1996 AND A LETTER
FROM MR. HERNANDEZ'S SISTER OF THE SAME DATE, SUBMITTED ON
THE SAME DATE.

AND I WOULD ALSO REPRESENT TO THE COURT THAT THE MORIAH HOUSE, THE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAM IN SAN MATEO COUNTY -- WELL, IN MENLO PARK, I'M NOT SURE WHAT COUNTY THAT IS -- HAS INDICATED TO ME THAT THEY WOULD ACCEPT MR. HERNANDEZ IF HE WAS SOMEHOW AFFORDED THE OPPORTUNITY TO GO TO THE PROGRAM.

AND I WOULD ONCE AGAIN POINT OUT THAT THE ONLY VIOLENCE IN MR. HERNANDEZ'S ADMITTEDLY LONG HISTORY IS IN THIS PARTICULAR CASE. THERE IS NO RECORD IN HIS CRIMINAL HISTORY OF VIOLENCE AT ALL. CLEARLY, THIS CASE WAS A FUNCTION OF MR. HERNANDEZ BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE WHICH OBVIOUSLY HE NEEDS TREATMENT FOR.

ALSO, I WOULD ASK THE COURT TO CONSIDER THAT MR.

HERNANDEZ WOULD WAIVE ALL PRE-SENTENCE CREDIT AND I BELIEVE

THAT IT IS IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE FOR THE COURT TO

GRANT EITHER OF THESE TWO MOTIONS FOR THOSE REASONS.

THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK, YOUR THOUGHTS.

MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE DISAGREE AND OBJECT, YOUR HONOR, IN LIGHT OF THE DEFENDANT'S, AS MR. KAPP SAYS, ADMITTEDLY LONG RECORD AND THE NEW OFFENSE IS FRIGHTENING ENOUGH WHERE IN CONJUNCTION WITH HIS RECORD THE FULL APPLICATION OF THE THREE STRIKES LAW UNDER THE REDUCED CHARGES THE PEOPLE FEEL IS APPROPRIATE FOR THIS DEFENDANT.

THE COURT: MR. HULL?

MR. HULL: YOUR HONOR, I WOULD ENCOURAGE THE COURT NOT TO STRIKE THE STRIKE OR REDUCE THIS CHARGE TO A MISDEMEANOR. THE DEFENDANT WAS BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE AUTHORITIES WHEN HE ATTEMPTED TO PURSE SNATCH. IT'S GOING TO BE DISMISSED. HE IS ALSO HAVING ANOTHER STRIKE DISMISSED WHICH WOULD HAVE MADE THIS A FIFTY YEAR TO LIFE AND I THINK HE IS RECEIVING THE BENEFIT OF A SHORTER SENTENCE BY THAT.

THE COURT: ANYTHING ELSE, MR. KAPP, MR.

HERNANDEZ?

MR. KAPP: I DO. MR. HERNANDEZ'S MOTHER AND HIS SISTER ARE PRESENT IF THE COURT HAS ANY QUESTIONS OF THEM. OTHERWISE, I WOULD SUBMIT IT, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: I HAVE OF COURSE READ THE PROBATION
REPORT ACTUALLY A COUPLE TIMES. IT RECOMMENDS TWENTY-SEVEN
YEARS TO LIFE. I HAVE CONSIDERED THE PSYCHOLOGICAL
EVALUATION DATED JULY 25TH OF THIS YEAR FROM DOCTOR SANCHEZ,
THE LETTER FROM MR. HERNANDEZ'S SISTER WHICH I BELIEVE IS
DATED JUNE THE 6TH, THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER IS DATED JUNE
THE 12TH. I HAVE RECEIVED AND READ BOTH OF THOSE AND

THOUGHT ABOUT THEM. 1 I HAVE REREAD THE CHANGE OF PLEA WHERE OBVIOUSLY I 2 TOLD MR. HERNANDEZ QUITE CLEARLY THAT HE WAS LOOKING AT VERY 3 LIKELY A LIFE SENTENCE IN STATE PRISON. AND I JUST WANT TO 4 DOUBLE-CHECK HERE ON SOMETHING. YOU INDICATED, MR. KAPP, 5 THAT HE HAD NO PRIOR VIOLENCE AND I HAVE A QUESTION. 6 7 IS A 261(2) CHARGE IN 1986. WAS THAT DISMISSED? 8 MR. KAPP: MY UNDERSTANDING, YOUR HONOR, IS THAT THAT IS NOT A CONVICTION. 9 THE COURT: OKAY. 10 MR. HULL: MY RAP SHEET HAS CROSSED THAT OUT IN 11 LIGHT PENCIL. I DON'T KNOW IF IT WAS DISCOVERED EARLIER. 12 IT WAS DISMISSED. 13 THE COURT: OKAY. YOUR UNDERSTANDING IS THAT WAS 14 NOT A CONVICTION, MR. CHADWICK, IS THAT RIGHT, SIR? 15 16 MR. CHADWICK: THAT'S CORRECT, YOUR HONOR, IT SHOWS UP IN THE CHARGES COLUMN BUT NOT IN THE DISPOSITION 17 COLUMN. 18 19 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. THE STRIKES THAT MR. HERNANDEZ ADMITTED WERE RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY STRIKES? 20 21 MR. KAPP: THAT'S RIGHT. MR. CHADWICK: HE DOES HAVE AN INCIDENT OF 22 23 BATTERIES AS A JUVENILE AND TWO ADULT ESCAPES. ONE OF THEM I'M PRETTY SURE WAS NON VIOLENT. I DON'T KNOW IF THE OTHER 24 25 ONE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY VIOLENCE. MR. KAPP: IF I CAN SPEAK TO THAT, I REVIEWED 26

DOCUMENTS, THE ONLY DOCUMENTS IN EXISTENCE ON BOTH THE

ESCAPES AND NEITHER ONE OF THEM HAD FORCE INVOLVED.

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THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

MR. KAPP; I REPRESENTED THAT TO THE DISTRICT
ATTORNEY'S THREE STRIKE COMMITTEE IN MY LETTER WHICH IS
ATTACHED TO THE BRIEF. I WOULD JUST POINT OUT FOR THE LAST
TIME THAT THE ORIGINAL STRIKE PRIOR IN THIS CASE IS TWENTY
YEARS OLD. I BELIEVE A TERM OF NINE YEARS HAD BEEN
DISCUSSED IN CHAMBERS. I STRONGLY FEEL THAT THAT WOULD BE
APPROPRIATE PUNISHMENT GIVEN ALL OF THE FACTORS THAT WE'VE
DISCUSSED.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. ANYTHING ELSE?

MR. HULL: I ONLY BROUGHT THAT UP BECAUSE THE PROBATION REPORT DOESN'T FULLY COVER THE FACTS OF THE ATTEMPTED ROBBERY SUFFICIENTLY AND I INQUIRED OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN CHAMBERS AND HE ELABORATED THAT IT WAS MUCH MORE SERIOUS THAN THE PROBATION REPORT INDICATES. SO I WITHDRAW THAT SUGGESTION TO THE COURT OF NINE YEARS.

MR. KAPP: I'M NOT SAYING THAT THE PROBATION

DEPARTMENT SUGGESTED THAT. I AM SUGGESTING THAT AS AN

APPROPRIATE TERM CONSIDERING THE LACK OF VIOLENCE IN THE

PAST AND THE AGE OF THE PRIOR AND ALL THE OTHER THINGS THAT

I MENTIONED.

THE COURT: YOU WERE SUGGESTING THAT I STRIKE A STRIKE AND GIVE YOUR CLIENT, IF I'M NOT WILLING TO REDUCE IT TO A MISDEMEANOR, NINE YEARS AND HE WOULD WAIVE ALL HIS CREDITS AND GIVE HIM SORT OF AN IN BETWEEN SENTENCE.

ANYTHING ELSE, MR. CHADWICK, FROM YOU, SIR?

MR. CHADWICK: YOUR HONOR, I JUST NOTICED FOR THE FIRST TIME WHAT MR. HULL JUST SAID ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE

ACCOUNT OF THE EVENTS. IT BEARS LITTLE RESEMBLANCE TO WHAT HAPPENED.

THE COURT: WHAT ACTUALLY DID HAPPEN?

MR. CHADWICK: THE PROBATION REPORT SAYS THE
DEFENDANT GRABBED HER PURSE AND AFTER SHE RECLAIMED THE BAG
THEN A STRUGGLE ENSUED. HE USED BOTH HANDS TO GRAB HER.

WHAT REALLY HAPPENED IS HE GRABBED THE DUFFEL BAG
FROM HER AFTER CUTTING HER OFF WITH HIS BICYCLE -- AND I'LL
TRY TO STATE THIS OBJECTIVELY. AND SHE WAS FRIGHTENED AND
SCREAMING AND THERE WAS A STRUGGLE AND SHE GOT HER DUFFEL
BAG BACK. SHE RAN SCREAMING PRETTY CLOSE TO THIS COURTHOUSE
DOWN THE STREET. HE RAN AFTER HER AND HE TACKLED HER FROM
BEHIND AFTER HAVING SAID, I LOVE YOU, I LOVE YOU, AND
BOUNCERS AT THE BAR CAME IN AND RESCUED HER.

ONE OF THEM TOLD ME AFTER THE PLEA THAT IT WAS

VERY CLEAR THAT HAD THEY NOT INTERVENED THE VIOLENCE WOULD

HAVE ESCALATED AFTER THAT, THAT IT WAS NOT A SITUATION WHERE

HE WAS GRABBING HER IN ORDER TO SUBDUE HER SO HE COULD THEN

GET THE DUFFEL BAG BACK. HE WAS GRABBING HER TO SUBDUE HER

AND CONTINUE TO DO SOMETHING VIOLENT TO HER.

INITIALLY, THERE WAS AN INDICATION THIS WAS SEXUAL IN NATURE BUT THAT DIDN'T PAN OUT.

ONE OF THE WITNESSES SAID HE GRABBED HER BREAST
FROM BEHIND BUT I DON'T BELIEVE THAT THERE IS ANY SEX,
INTENTIONAL SEXUAL BATTERY UP TO THE POINT WHERE THE
BOUNCERS INTERVENED. HOWEVER, IT WAS A CHASE AND ATTACK AND
SHE WAS RESCUED BY TWO VERY LARGE BOUNCERS FROM THE NEARBY
NIGHTCLUB.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. ANYTHING ELSE, MR. KAPP?

2 MR. KAPP: I DID WANT TO POINT OUT THAT I

3 | CONDUCTED A PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN THIS CASE AND THE

4 | VICTIM MADE IT VERY CLEAR THAT AT LEAST IN HER MIND MR.

HERNANDEZ WAS NOT TRYING TO SEXUALLY ASSAULT HER.

APPROPRIATENESS OF A WITNESS' COMMENTS TO THE PROSECUTOR
AFTER THE PLEA AS EVIDENCE AT THE SENTENCING HEARING BUT I'M
NOT QUESTIONING THAT THEY WERE MADE. I JUST THINK THAT IT
WAS PRETTY CLEAR AT THE PRELIMINARY HEARING THAT GIVEN MR.
HERNANDEZ'S STATE OF INTOXICATION AS TESTIFIED TO BY ALL THE
WITNESSES, THAT IT WAS NOT CLEAR AT ALL WHAT MR. HERNANDEZ'S
MOTIVES WERE WITH RESPECT TO THE PURSE. THERE WERE COMMENTS
ABOUT HIM LOVING THE VICTIM. CLEARLY, HE WAS OUT OF IT AND
THAT'S WHY I THINK THIS IS A SITUATION THAT'S MITIGATED AND
WOULD REQUEST THE COURT CONSIDER THAT.

THE COURT: THANK YOU. I WILL CONSIDER YOUR REQUEST, MR. KAPP, AS AN ALTERNATE MOTION TO EITHER REDUCE THE CHARGE TO A MISDEMEANOR OR TO STRIKE A STRIKE SO THAT ONLY ONE STRIKE WILL REMAIN.

I HAVE THE ISSUES CLEARLY IN MIND, I HAD THEM
CLEARLY IN MIND BEFORE WHEN I READ IT LAST TIME AND HAD THE
ABILITY TO PUT THINGS OUT OF MY MIND TEMPORARILY BUT IT'S
ALL THERE NOW.

I'M GOING TO DECLINE TO ENTERTAIN YOUR SUGGESTION
THAT I EITHER REDUCE THE CHARGE TO A MISDEMEANOR OR TO
STRIKE AN ADDITIONAL STRIKE FOR SEVERAL REASONS. I THINK I
OWE IT TO MR. HERNANDEZ TO EXPLAIN WHY.

OBVIOUSLY, MR. HERNANDEZ HAS GOT A LONG, LONG,
LONG RECORD INCLUDING MULTIPLE COMMITMENTS TO STATE PRISON
AND THE COMMON THREAD IS SUBSTANCE ABUSE THROUGHOUT MOST OF
THE RECORD.

I WANTED TO BE CLEAR AND IT IS CLEAR TO ME NOW
THAT THERE'S BEEN NO PRIOR VIOLENCE. THERE WAS VIOLENCE ON
THIS OCCASION AND THAT TROUBLES ME GREATLY. IT IS EXPLAINED
BY HIS BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE BUT THAT EXPLAINS IT, IT
DOES NOT EXCUSE IT.

MY FEAR, HOWEVER, IS THAT MR. HERNANDEZ WHO IS, GOSH, THIRTY-NINE, FORTY YEARS OLD NOW IS NOT PREPARED TO DEAL WITH THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEMS, THIS WAS PCP, AND THAT A LONGER TERM IN STATE PRISON IS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC.

BOTTOM LINE, I THINK CANDIDLY IF THIS HAD BEEN A
MERE POSSESSION AND UNDER THE INFLUENCE CASE, I WOULD BE
THINKING ENTIRELY DIFFERENTLY, MR. HERNANDEZ, AND I WOULD
PROBABLY BE THINKING IN TERMS OF SOMEWHERE AROUND NINE OR
TEN YEARS. JUST LAST WEEK I DID THAT WITH ANOTHER YOUNG MAN
WHO WAS DOING VERY POORLY ON PAROLE AT THE TIME BUT WAS IN
POSSESSION OF A SMALL AMOUNT OF METHAMPHETAMINE, BUT I
STRUCK THE STRIKE AND GAVE HIM SEVEN YEARS IN STATE PRISON
AND HE WAIVED ALL OF HIS CREDIT FOR TIME SERVED.

AND HE HAD A TERRIBLE RECORD ALSO BUT NOT QUITE AS LONG AS YOURS. BUT THAT WAS MERELY POSSESSION OF DRUGS AND THERE WAS NO VIOLENCE, NO SEX, NOTHING INVOLVED. I'M NOT SAYING THERE'S ANY SEX INVOLVED HERE BUT THERE WAS CERTAINLY VIOLENCE AND POTENTIAL FOR GREAT HARM TO THE VICTIM EXCEPT

FOR THE INTERVENTION OF THE TWO CITIZENS.

SO ON BALANCE AND CONSIDERING THAT ANOTHER STRIKE HAS ALREADY BEEN STRICKEN BY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE, I FEEL THAT IT IS FAIR AND JUST TO IMPOSE A SENTENCE COMMENSURATE WITH THE THREE STRIKES LAW AND I WILL GO FORWARD ON THAT BASIS NOW.

MR. KAPP: EXCUSE ME. YOU INDICATED THAT THE PROSECUTION STRUCK ANOTHER STRIKE. THAT'S NOT EXACTLY -- I DON'T THINK THAT'S EXACTLY ACCURATE. THEY DISMISSED THAT COUNT WHICH ELIMINATED THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONSECUTIVE TWENTY-FIVE TO LIFE SENTENCE.

THE COURT: YOU'RE RIGHT. I STAND CORRECTED.

THERE'S BEEN A BENEFIT OF THE BARGAIN IN THAT REGARD BETWEEN

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND THE DEFENSE. THE PROSECUTOR GAVE

MR. HERNANDEZ THE BENEFIT OF SOME CONCERN AS TO HIS INTENT

ALTHOUGH FRANKLY IT SEEMED TO ME THAT IT WAS QUITE CLEAR

THAT HE WAS TRYING TO ROB, TAKE THE PROPERTY OF THE VICTIM.

IT WAS SOMEWHAT MORE AMBIGUOUS AS TO ANY OTHER STATEMENTS

THAT HE MIGHT HAVE BEEN MAKING. ALL THINGS CONSIDERED, MR.

HERNANDEZ, I WILL DENY YOUR REQUEST.

AS TO COUNT 3 WHICH IS THE POSSESSION CHARGE,
WHICH IS THE CHARGE THAT REMAINS, I WILL IMPOSE SENTENCE OF
TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE AS REQUIRED BY THE THREE STRIKES
LAW. THERE ARE APPARENTLY TWO ADDITIONAL PRISON PRIORS THAT
ARE AVAILABLE TO THE COURT FOR ENHANCEMENT, AND AS TO THOSE,
I WILL STRIKE THE ADDITIONAL PUNISHMENT PURSUANT TO
1170.1(H).

SO INSTEAD OF TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS TO LIFE, I'M

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GIVING YOU TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE. THE REASON IS THAT YOU SETTLED YOUR CASE FAIRLY EARLY BEFORE TRIAL. I'M ALSO AWARE OF YOUR DOCTOR'S REPORT HERE AND I'M CONSIDERING THAT AS A REASON FOR NOT IMPOSING THOSE TWO PRISON PRIORS. TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS RESTITUTION FINE AS REQUIRED BY LAW. I WILL SUSPEND ANOTHER TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS PURSUANT TO 1202.45. HE WILL BE ON PAROLE, MR. HULL, FOR? MR. HULL: FIVE YEARS. THE COURT: UP TO FIVE YEARS, SIR. I'M GOING TO WAIVE THAT FEE, WAIVE THE BOOKING FEE BECAUSE YOU'RE GOING TO PRISON. AS TO COUNT 4, UNDER THE INFLUENCE, WHICH IS WHAT GOT YOU INTO THIS WHOLE MESS, I WILL DENY PROBATION, GIVE YOU THE NINETY DAYS MINIMUM AND RUN THAT CONCURRENT, OF COURSE, AND WAIVE THE LAB FEE ON THAT. HOW MANY PRISON PRIORS WERE THERE? MR. HULL: THREE ADMITTED. WE RECOMMENDED TWO BUT THERE'S A THIRD ONE. THE COURT: I'M STRIKING ALL THREE PRISON PRIORS, I'M STRIKING PUNISHMENT PURSUANT TO 1170.1(H) FOR THE REASONS STATED. UPDATED CREDIT FOR TIME SERVED? MR. HULL: FOUR EIGHTY-FOUR PLUS TWO FORTY-TWO FOR SEVEN HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX. THE COURT: LET'S MAKE SURE THAT MR. HERNANDEZ HEARD THAT.

MR. HULL: FOUR EIGHTY-FOUR ACTUAL, TWO HUNDRED

FORTY-TWO DAYS PURSUANT TO SECTION 4019, TOTAL OF SEVEN HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX. I'M SORRY TO SAY I HAVE TO DO THIS, I DON'T ENJOY DOING THIS, BUT I THINK I NEED TO DO IT TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC. YOU SEEM LIKE A NICE ENOUGH GUY WHEN YOU'RE NOT USING DRUGS BUT I'M WORRIED ABOUT THE SAFETY OF THE PUBLIC. ANYTHING ELSE, MR. KAPP? MR. KAPP: I DON'T BELIEVE SO, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: MR. HERNANDEZ? NO. ALL RIGHT. MR. CHADWICK? MR. CHADWICK: SUBMITTED, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: THANK YOU.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA SS. COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA) I, LEANNA J. LANE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A FULL, TRUE AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS HAD IN THE WITHIN-ENTITLED ACTION HELD ON DECEMBER 9, 1996. THAT, I REPORTED THE SAME IN STENOTYPE BEING THE QUALIFIED AND ACTING OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA, APPOINTED TO SAID COURT, AND THEREAFTER HAD THE SAME TRANSCRIBED INTO TYPEWRITING AS HEREIN APPEARS. DATED THIS 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1997. LEANNA J. LANE, C.S.R. CERTIFICATE NO. 3337

EXHIBIT B

CALIFORNIA APPELLATE COURTS



Case Information

Welcome 6th Appellate District

Change court

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Court data last updated: 06/06/2008 04:05 PM

E-mail

Help

Case Summary Docket Scheduled Actions Briefs
Disposition Parties and Attorneys Trial Court

Calendar

Docket (Register of Actions)

Opinions

The People v Hernandez Case Number <u>H016298</u>

CC

Date	Description	Notes				
12/27/1996	Notice of appeal lodged/received (criminal).	Noa Filed 12/9/96				
12/27/1996	Notice of appeal lodged/received (criminal).	Noa Filed 12/17/96				
12/27/1996	Counsel appointment order filed.					
01/06/1997	Telephone conversation with:	Ctrr Lane Will Turn Tx In Tomorrow				
01/08/1997	Telephone conversation with:	Laura; Ctrr Lane Has Turned In Tx				
01/09/1997	Record on appeal filed.	C-1, R-2				
01/09/1997	Probation report filed.	Prc-1				
01/22/1997	Recommendation of counsel by SDAP filed.	Bojarski, Jill				
02/18/1997	Requested - extension of time	From Atty Bojarski (1) 2 & Including 3/20/97 **Granted With No Further Rex***				
03/18/1997 Requested - extension of time		From Atty Bojarski (2) 2 & Including 4/19/97 **Tct**				
03/19/1997 Granted - extension of time.		Time To File Aob Is Extended To 4/19/97 With No Further Rex				
04/07/1997	Request for dismissal filed.	By Appellant				
04/08/1997 Dismissal order filed.		At Request Of Appellant				
04/08/1997	Remittitur issued.					
10/21/1997	Case complete.					
08/04/1999 Shipped to state retention center, box # / list #:		40/64				

<u>Click here</u> to request automatic e-mail notifications about this case.

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IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

FILED

APR - 8 1997

Court of Appeal - Sixth App. Dist. MICHAEL J. YERLY, Clerk

DEPUTY

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA vs.
HERNANDEZ, VICTOR
HO16298
Santa Clara County No. 186850

BY THE COURT:

Pursuant to the request of appellant, the appeal filed on December 17, 1996 is dismissed. The remittitur shall issue forthwith.

Dated: _______P.J.

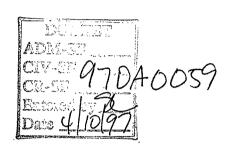
IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

(C)())**7

Office of the Attorney General 50 Fremont St. Suite 300

San Francisco, CA 94105

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA vs.
HERNANDEZ, VICTOR
HO16298
Santa Clara County No. 186850



* * REMITTITUR * *

I, MICHAEL J. YERLY, Clerk of the Court of Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appellate District, do hereby certify that the opinion or decision entered in the above-entitled cause on APR - Significant for the source of the court of April 1997 and the court of Appeal of the State of California and the court of Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the State of California, for the Sixth Appeal of the Sixth Appea

Appellant ____Respondent to recover costs ______Each party to bear own costs ______Costs are not awarded in this proceeding _____See decision for costs determination

Witness my hand and the seal of the Court affixed at my office APR - S RAT



MICHAEL J. YERLY, Clerk

By:

Capozzi



JILL M. BOJARSKI

ATTORNEY AT LAW

REDSTONE PLAZA 1300 DOVE STREET, SUITE 200 NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA 92660-2416

TELEPHONE: (714) 474-9900

FAX: (714) 474-9906

April 3, 1997

Clerk of the Court of Appeal Sixth Appellate District 333 W. Santa Clara Street, Suite 1060 San Jose, California 95113

Re: **People v. Victor Hernandez**Court of Appeal No. H016298A1
Santa Clara County No. 186850

970A0059 975197

Dear Sir or Madam:

Enclosed is a request for abandonment of the above-entitled appeal, executed by Mr. Hernandez. We request that the court dismiss the appeal and issue the remittitur forthwith.

Sincerely,

5. 11 27 1 N 54 TH.

Jill M. Bojarski Attorney for Victor Hernandez

Enc.

c: Victor Hernandez
SDAP
Attorney General

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IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SIXTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Respondent,

v.

VICTOR HERNANDEZ.

Appellant.

Court of Appeal No. H016298A1 Superior Court No. 186850 (Santa Clara)

ABANDONMENT OF APPEAL

I, Victor Hernandez, appellant in the above-entitled matter, hereby abandon my appeal pursuant to rule 38 of the California Rules of Court. I have had to opportunity to discuss the case and the abandonment with my attorney and I am making this decision voluntarily. I understand the consequences of abandoning my appeal at this time.

Also pursuant to rule 38, I request that the court issue the remittitur immediately.

Dated:

3-27-92

VICTOR HERNANDEZ

Approved:

Jill M. Bojarski
Attorney for Appellant
1300 Dove St., Suite 200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
(714) 474-9900
State Bar No. 100334

PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned declares:

I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My business address is 1300 Dove Street, Suite 200, Newport Beach, California 92660-2416.

On April 3, 1997, I served the attached document on the interested parties, addressed as follows, by placing a copy in a separate sealed envelope with first-class postage pre-paid thereon and depositing the same in the United States mail, as described below, at Newport Beach, California.

Office of the Attorney General 50 Fremont Street, Suite 300 San Francisco, CA 94105-2339

Sixth District Appellate Program 100 N. Winchester Blvd., Suite 310 Santa Clara, California 95050

Victor Hernandez #K-31659 High Desert State Prison PO Box 3030 Susanville, CA 96130

I am readily familiar with this office's practice of collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it is deposited in the United States mail on the same day that I place it into the office's mail collection depository, in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that service is presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after the date shown herein as the date of mailing.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed April 3, 1997, at Newport Beach, California.

JILL M. BOJARSKI

EXHIBIT C

6 4 2004

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

No.: 186850 In re

15 VICTOR HERNANDEZ,

On Habeas Corpus

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ORDER

VICTOR HERNANDEZ (hereinafter Petitioner) filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus alleging ineffective assistance of counsel during the plea and sentencing process. In 1995, Petitioner plead guilty to violations of Penal Code §§ 11377 (felony possession of drugs) and 11550 (misdemeanor being under the influence of drugs). Petitioner also admitted to two strikes and three prior prison terms. Petitioner's attorney allegedly advised him that Petitioner would receive a nine year sentence and one of his felony convictions

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would be reduced to a misdemeanor in exchange for a plea of guilty. In May 1996, Petitioner plead guilty. During his plea hearing, Petitioner was advised that the minimum possible sentence was 25 years to life and could be possibly more depending on what his probation report found. In December 1996, Petitioner was sentenced to 25 years to life for the felony possession of drugs violation, and 90 days for the misdemeanor under the influence violation to run concurrently with the 25 years to life sentence. In 1997, Petitioner voluntarily dismissed his appeal pending in the Sixth District Court of Appeal.

Based on the record and transcripts from Petitioner's plea hearing on May 14, 1996 and sentencing hearing on December 9, 1996, Petitioner's claim that his attorney provided him deficient counsel because of the alleged misadvice regarding his potential sentence, fails.

A defendant has a Sixth Amendment right to effective assistance of counsel in a criminal trial. (People v. Ledesma (1987) 43 Cal.3d 171, 215 [Under both the United States and California constitutions].) To be successful on a motion for ineffective assistance of counsel, Petitioner must make a showing, first, that the errors committed by his attorney "fell below an objective standard of reasonableness ... under prevailing professional norms." (Strickland v. Washington (1984) 466 U.S. 668, 688.) Second, Petitioner must show a "reasonable possibility that, but for

counsel's unprofessional errors, the result of the proceeding would have been different. A reasonable probability is a probability sufficient to undermine confidence in the outcome." (Id. at 693-694. See also Ledesma, supra, at p. 215-218.)

The first prong is met if counsel's performance fell below an objective standard of reasonableness under the prevailing norms of practice. (In re Alvernaz (1992) 2 Cal.4th 924, 937.) The defendant must then establish prejudice. Such prejudice must be affirmatively proved by a preponderance of the evidence. (Ledesma, supra, at p. 217.) The burden of proving a claim of inadequate trial assistance rests upon the petitioner. (People v. Madaris (1981) 122 Cal.App.3d 234, 241 [disapproved on other grounds in People v. Barrick (1982) 33 Cal.3d. 115].)

• The only evidence Petitioner offers to support his contention of ineffective assistance of trial counsel is his uncorroborated declaration that counsel wrongly advised him that he would receive a nine year sentence. This self serving declaration is unpersuasive. (See generally In re Alvarnaz, supra, at p. 938, "a defendant's self-serving statement after conviction, and sentence, is insufficient in and of itself to sustain the defendant's burden of proof as to prejudice, and must be corroborated independently by objective evidence. A contrary holding would lead to an unchecked flow of easily fabricated claims."] See also People v. Barella (1999) 20 Cal.4th 261, 272, in which the Court rejects as insufficient

"defendant's bare assertion.")

As such, this court has reviewed the record and the transcripts of the May 14, 1996 plea hearing and December 9, 1996 sentencing. From the facts, it appears that Petitioner's claim of ineffective assistance of trial counsel is without merit.

During Petitioner's plea hearing in May 1996, the judge repeatedly informed Petitioner that his sentence would be, at a minimum, 25 years to life (TX 05/14/96 3:4-7, 3:15-19, 3:25-28. 4:14-15, 4:23-24, 9:20-28, 10:2-4.) The judge further advised Petitioner, that depending on what his probation report concludes, he may be facing up to 28 years to life. (TX 05/14/96 3:25-28, 9:25-28.) The court also repeatedly asked the Petitioner if he understood the plea agreement and the resulting sentencing. (TX 05/14/96 4:2-4, 4:28-5:21, 9:20-10:4.) To each of his questions, Petitioner responded that he understood. (Ibid.) The judge also asked Petitioner whether anyone had promised Petitioner anything else. (TX 05/14/96 4:5-7.) Petitioner responded no. (Ibid.) During the plea hearing the judge stated:

THE COURT: And I am also required to tell you the maximum punishment you could receive under this settlement. You must receive twenty-five years to life because of the two strikes that you will be admitting here today after the conviction of the felony possession charge and you could received an additional three years for one -- for each of the three prison priors that you will be admitting for a maximum of up to twenty-eight years to life. Do you understand the theoretical maximum?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Understand the minimum of twenty-five years to 2 life? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 4 (TX 05/14/96 9:20-10:4.) The judge further asked Petitioner: 5 THE COURT: Now, Mr. Hernandez, do you have any questions of 6 anyone here, including your lawyer, as to the settlement of the case, terms and conditions of the settlement or any of 7 your rights? Do you have any questions? 8 THE DEFENDANT: No. 9 (TX 05/14/96 18:26-19:2.) The judge guestioned Petitioner as to 10 whether his attorney had explained the situation to him. 11 05/14/96 7:24-8:10.) Petitioner responded in the affirmative. (*Ibid.*) 12 The judge asked the Petitioner: "Are you satisfied with [your 13 14 attorney's] legal advice?" (TX 05/14/96 8:11-13.) To which Petitioner 15 answered: "Yes." (Ibid.) 16 It is clear from the record that Petitioner was aware of the 17 potential sentence prior to his guilty plea. His self-serving 18 statement that his trial attorney misadvised him is without support. 19 For the above reasons, the petition is DENIED. 20 21 22 March 2, 700 23 24 JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT 25 cc: Petitioner District Attorney 26 Research

CJIC

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Name * - * VICTOR, ROGEL HERAL	ANGEZ)			IV.	IC-275
Address HIGH DESERT STATE Pris	ON				. •	
P.O. BOX 3030 SUSANVIlle CA. 941	27					
FAC. D-Building - D-4-121 2000			10.00		A COLOR	
CDC or ID Number K-31(159	•		.ΙΑ	N 2 7	2004	Bankan
JANTA	Clara County	Superior	1/11	RITOF eculive Of of CA Cour	RE ficer/Clerk nly of San	ta Clara DEPUTY
	(Court)		S	CHO.	A	
VICTOR HERMANDEZ Petitioner vs.	PETITION FOR W	D				<u>.</u>
Respondent						

INSTRUCTIONS — READ CAREFULLY

- If you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.
- If you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county in which you are confined.
- Read the entire form before answering any questions.
- This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and
 correct. Because the petition includes a verification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction
 for perjury.
- Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."
- If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original unless local rules require additional copies.
 Many courts require more copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and thirteen copies.
- Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.
- In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

Approved by the Judicial Council of California for use under Rules 56.5 and 201(h)(1) of the California Rules of Court [as amended effective January 1, 1999]. Subsequent amendments to Rule 44(b) may change the number of copies to be furnished the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

Page one of six

	This petition concerns:								
	A conviction Parole								
	A sentence Credits								
	Jail or prison conditions Prison discipline								
	Other (specify):								
1.	Yourname: VICTOR, ROGER, HERNANDEZ								
2.	Where are you incarcerated? HIGH DESERTSTATE PRISON								
3.	Why are you in custody? Criminal Conviction Civil Commitment								
	Answer subdivisions a. through i. to the best of your ability.								
	a. State reason for civil commitment or, if criminal conviction, state nature of offense and enhancements (for example, "robbery with use of a deadly weapon").								
	PETTY WITH Prior, FELONY OF POSSESSION OF A CONTrolled Substance								
	Being under THE influence of controlled substance								
b. Penal or other code sections: (666) 11377 (A) 11550(A) 1170,12.									
	c. Name and location of sentencing or committing court: SANTA Clara County								
	Supeior court								
	d. Case number: 186850								
	e. Date convicted or committed: 8-13-95								
	f. Date sentenced: 12-09-96								
	g. Length of sentence: 25 to Life								
	h. When do you expect to be released? 2018								
	i. Were you represented by counsel in the trial court? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address:								
4	What was the LAST plea you entered? (check one)								
٠	☐ Not guilty ☐ Nolo Contendere ☐ Other:								
5.	If you pleaded not guilty, what kind of trial did you have?								
	Jury Judge without a jury Submitted on transcript Awaiting trial								

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Page two of six

MC-275 [Rev. January 1, 1999]

GROUNDS FOR RELIEF
Ground 1: State briefly the ground on which you base your claim for relief. For example, "the trial court imposed an illegal
enhancement." (If you have additional grounds for relief, use a separate page for each ground. State ground 2 on page four. For additional grounds, make copies of page four and number the additional grounds in order.)
I was told at sextenging That I would keceux a term
of 9 years for all charges And This was stated on my
transcripts
a. Supporting facts: Tell your story briefly without citing cases or law. If you are challenging the legality of your conviction, describe the facts upon
which your conviction is based. If necessary, attach additional pages. CAUTION: You must state facts, not conclusions. For
example, if you are claiming incompetence of counsel you must state facts specifically setting forth what your attorney did or failed to do and how that affected your trial. Failure to allege sufficient facts will result in the denial of your petition. (See <i>In re</i>
Swain (1949) 34 Cal.2d 300, 304.) A rule of thumb to follow is: who did exactly what to violate your rights at what time (when) or place (where). (If available, attach declarations, relevant records, transcripts, or other documents supporting your claim.)
COMO ON DECEMBER 9, 1994 SEXITENCE WAS I'M POSED AGAINST
ME ON A Plea bargaining Agreement, IN which I was to UNDER
THE WORGEN Advice OF my Attorney. THAT HE Reassured ME I
WAS to Receive 9 years upon Extering a plea of Guilty AND THAT
THE JUDGE WOULD REDUCE ONE OF my felony charges to A misdemetor
or to strike one of my priors and that I would receive 9 years After
I Pleaded Guilty so under THE Advice of my Attorney I plead Guilty
to one count of simple possession of PCP and a misdemedore under
THE Influence THE Prosecution dismissed a Robbery and The petty with a
Prior I Also admitted The "strike" priors and prison priors. Before The change
FMY Plea my Attorney moved for a misdemtor of The possession and for The court to
ismiss a "strike" prior. Judge Martin denied The motion (pre-Romero) stating That he
sumed he had THE power to dismiss me strike ON 12/08/16 AFter Renewals 1355 and
sumed he had THE Power to dismiss the strike on 12/08/16 AFter Renewals 1355 and 7 motions (denied) I was Given a three strikes sentence of 25 to life, insteade of the quear b. Supporting cases, rules, or other authority (optional):
(Briefly discuss, or list by name and citation, the cases or other authorities that you think are relevant to your claim. If necessary,
attach an extra page.)
Y.D. J.J. KAPP

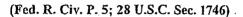
Gi	ound 2 or Ground	(if applicable):)			
а.	Supporting facts:								
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b.	Supporting cases, rul	es, or other authority:							
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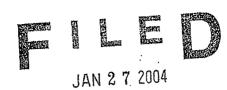
	olid you appeal from the conviction, sentence, or commitment? Yes. No. If yes, give the following information: Name of court ("Court of Appeal" or "Appellate Dept. of Superior Court"):
b	. Result: Dismissed. c. Date of decision: APR-8-1997
đ	. Case number or citation of opinion, if known: 180850
е	Issues raised: (1)
	(2)
	(3)
f,	Were you represented by counsel on appeal? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:
	JILIM BOJARSKI 1759Z IRVINE Blud Svite 128 tusting
Οi	d you seek review in the California Supreme Court? 🗵 Yes. 🔲 No. If yes, give the following information:
a.	Result: Abandonmed b. Date of decision: APR-8-1997
) .	Case number or citation of opinion, if known: 186850
١.	Issues raised: (1)
	(2)
٠	(3)
	rour petition makes a claim regarding your conviction, sentence, or commitment that you or your attorney did not make on appeal, olain why the claim was not made on appeal:
<u>-</u>	ministrativo Poviow
	ministrative Review: If your petition concerns conditions of confinement or other claims for which there are administrative remedies, failure to exhaust administrative remedies may result in the denial of your petition, even if it is otherwise meritorious. (See <i>In re Muszalski</i> (1975) 52 Cal.App.3d 500 [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].) Explain what administrative review you sought or explain why you did not seek such review:
;	If your petition concerns conditions of confinement or other claims for which there are administrative remedies, failure to exhaust administrative remedies may result in the denial of your petition, even if it is otherwise meritorious. (See <i>In re Muszalski</i> (1975) 52 Cal.App.3d 500 [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].) Explain what administrative review you sought or explain why you did not seek such
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	ommitment, or issue in any court?
	(2) Nature of proceeding (for example, "habeas corpus petition"):
	(3) Issues raised: (a)
	(b)
÷	(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable):
	(5) Date of decision:
b.	(1) Name of court:
	(2) Nature of proceeding:
	(3) Issues raised: (a)
	(b)
	(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable):
	(5) Date of decision:
· ·	ny of the courts listed in number 13 held a hearing, state name of court, date of hearing, nature of hearing, and result:
	ny of the courts listed in number 13 held a hearing, state name of court, date of hearing, nature of hearing, and result:
 15. Exp	
 15. Exp	plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949)
15. Exp	plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949)
15. Exp	plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.) you presently represented by counsel? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:
15. Exp 34 (lain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.)
15. Exp 34 (plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.) you presently represented by counsel? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:
15. Exp 34 (plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.) you presently represented by counsel? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:
15. Exp 34 (plain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See In re Swain (1949) Cal.2d 300, 304.) Tyou presently represented by counsel? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known: You have any petition, appeal, or other matter pending in any court? Yes. No. If yes, explain:
15. Exp 34 (————————————————————————————————————	Islain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1940) (Cal.2d 300, 304.) The syou presently represented by counsel? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known: You have any petition, appeal, or other matter pending in any court? Yes. No. If yes, explain:

PRO() OF SERVICE BY MA.

BY PERSON IN STATE CUSTODY





KIRI TORRE

Superior Court of

I hereby certify that I am a party, not related to this action, but I am a prisoner in the California Department of Corrections at: HIGH DESERT STATE PRISON in the county of SUSANUILLE CA State of California. My prison address is: & P. OBOX. 3030 SUJANUILE CA. 96127-3030 OB 1-20-04 I served the attached: Habeas Corpus PESTION for Uictor, Roger, HERNANDEZ, CDC # K-31659 on the parties herein by placing true and correct copies thereof, enclosed in a sealed envelope, with postage thereon fully paid, in the United States Mail in a deposit box so provided at the above-named correctional institution in which I am presently confined. The envelope was addressed as follows: Superior court of California county of SANGA Clara (fACC OF Justice, 190 west Heddinf street SAN Jose CA. 95-110-1774

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the forgoing is true and correct.

Signed Marles Hastings

Date 1-20-04

EXHIBIT D

JUL 0 5 2006

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIAY

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

In re) No. 186850) VICTOR HERNANDEZ) Order) On Habeas Corpus)

Case 5:08-cv-01154-JF

2.4

VICTOR HERANDEZ ("Petitioner") has filed another petition for a writ of habeas corpus. Petitioner alleges in the present petition that he is being denied prison credits in violation of his plea bargain and requests to withdraw his plea.

There is a bar against successive attacks on one's conviction by means of a petition for habeas corpus relief:

It has long been the rule that absent a change in the applicable law or the facts, the court will not consider repeated applications for habeas corpus considering claims previously rejected. [citations] The court has also refused to consider newly presented grounds for relief which were known to the petitioner at the time of a prior collateral attack on the judgment. [citation] The rule was stated clearly in In re Connor, supra, 16 Cal.2d 701, 705: "In this state a defendant is not permitted to try out his contentions piecemeal by successive proceedings attacking the validity of the judgment against him." (In re Clark (1993) 5 Cal.4th 750, 767-768.)

Past California decisions have suggested "that the rules against piecemeal presentation of claims and repetitious petitions are subject to undefined exceptions and that the court may be willing to entertain multiple collateral attacks on a judgment notwithstanding the potential for

abusive writ practice." (<u>Id</u>. at 768.) The <u>Clark</u> court found that it was "not persuaded that either [Pen. Code] section 1475 or sound policy mandates or warrants consideration of unjustified successive collateral attacks on a judgment of conviction." (<u>Id</u>. at 769.) Thus, the court concluded that "such petitions may and should be denied." (<u>Id</u>. at 770.) "Before a successive petition will be entertained on its merits the petitioner must explain and justify the failure to present claims in a timely manner in his prior petition or petitions." (<u>Id</u>. at 774.)

"A litigant mounting a collateral challenge to a final criminal judgment [must] do so in a timely fashion. By requiring that such challenges be made reasonably promptly, we vindicate society's interest in the finality of its criminal judgments, as well as the public's interest "in the orderly and reasonably prompt implementation of its laws." [citation omitted.] Such timeliness rules serve other salutary interests as well. Requiring a prisoner to file his or her challenge promptly helps ensure that possibly vital evidence will not be lost through the passage of time or the fading of memories. In addition, we cannot overestimate the value of the psychological repose that may come for the victim, or the surviving family and friends of the victim, generated by the knowledge the ordeal is finally over. Accordingly, we enforce time limits on the filing of petitions for writs of habeas corpus in noncapital cases (see, e.g., In re Swain (1949) 34 Cal. 2d 300, 304)...." (In re Sanders (1999) 21 Cal. 4th 697, 703.)

In the present case, petitioner previously filed a habeas petition in March 2004 challenging his 1995 plea. Petitioner alleged he had been misadvised as to the length of his sentence by his attorney and wanted to withdraw his plea. The petition was denied where the plea transcripts clearly showed defendant was told he could receive 25 years to life. At no point in the habeas petition to withdraw his plea did petitioner challenge his eligibility for prison credits. Petitioner cannot do so now. Not only is the present petition an impermissible successive attack, but it is also untimely as it is being brought over 11 years since his plea. Petitioner however fails to give any explanation as to why the claim was not brought previously.

There is no showing that petitioner was only recently informed that he would not receive prison credits. Accordingly, the petition is DENIED. Petitioner's Attorney Cc: District Attorney Research CJIC

PAUL BERNAL JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

NameVicto	r Hernan	dez				. (A STATE OF THE STA			MC-27	'5
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VICTO	R Hernan	dez]	PETITIO	ON FOR	WRIT OF	HABEAS	CORP	US	•
Petitioner	vs.			No.		To be sup	Splied by the	50 e Clerk of th	ne Court,)	
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INSTRUCTIONS - READ CAREFULLY

- If you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.
- If you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county in which you are confined.

Read the entire form before answering any questions.

This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and correct. Because the petition includes a verification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction for perjury.

Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."

If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original unless local rules require additional copies. Many courts require more copies.

If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies.

If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and thirteen copies.

Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.

In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

proved by the Judicial Council of California for use under Rules 56.5 and 201(h)(1) of the California Rules of Court [as anded effective January 1, 1999]. Subsequent amendments to Rule 44(b) may change the number of copies to be furnished Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

Page one of six

This petition concerns:	East 1
A conviction Parole	
A sentence _ Credits	
Jail or prison conditions Prison discipline	en de la companya de La companya de la co
Other (specify): Victor Hernandez	
Your name:	
P.V.S.P. Where are you incarcerated?	
Why are you in custody? Criminal Conviction Civil Commitment	
Answer subdivisions a. through i. to the best of your ability.	
 a. State reason for civil commitment or, if criminal conviction, state nature of offense with use of a deadly weapon"). Possession of PCP/ Under the Influ 	
1000control	
b. Penal or other code sections: P.C. 11377(A) P.C. 1170.12	
c. Name and location of sentencing or committing court: Santa Cla	ara Superior Court
d. Case number: Case 186850	
. Date convicted or committed: May 14,1996	
Date sentenced:	
Length of sentence: .25 years to life	
. When do you expect to be released?	
Were you represented by counsel in the trial court? Yes. No. If Santa Clara Public Defenders Office J.J.	yes, state the attorney's name and address: Kapp
/hat was the LAST plea you entered? (check one)	
Not guilty Guilty Nolo Contendere Other:	
you pleaded not guilty, what kind of trial did you have?	
Jury Judge without a jury Submitted on transcript Awaiting	ı trial

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5 [Rev. January 1, 1999] PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

WEST GROUP Official Publisher

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Explain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising th 4 Cal.2d 300, 304.) Was advised by institutional reco	ne claims in this petition. (See <i>In re Swain</i> (1949) ords that I was not able to
earn good time work time credits as promised	as a condition of my guilty
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undersigned, say: I am the petitioner in this action. I declare under penalty of perjuritegoing allegations and statements are true and correct, except as to matters that a see matters, I believe them to be true.	ry under the laws of the State of California that are stated on my information and belief, and as
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Rev. January 1, 1999] PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORI	PUS WEST GROUP Page six of six

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

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In re Victor Roger Hernandez on habeas corpus

PETITION FOR WRIT OF Habeas Corpus.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

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INTRODUCTION.

To; The Honorable Judge Presiding Judge.

TO: THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA.

Comes Now petitioner and defendant Victor Hernandez whom urges this court to grant an informal order to show cause on the grounds that his criminal sentence is in violation of clearly established State and Federal law.

The petitioner urges that he was induced to take a guilty plea with knowingly false and incorrect information provided by his trial counsel and the Judge and prosecutor. The prosecution intentionally remained silent when the Judge as a condition of petitioner's guilty plea was advised that he would only have to serve twenty years and would be eligible for good time and work time credits.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On May 14,1996 the petitioner was sentenced to a California prison term of twenty five years to life under the Three Strikes law and the court went through a series of advisments to petitioner.

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(SEE EXHIBIT "A" SENTENCING TRANS P-13 L-18-28)

THE COURT;

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WELL YOU"RE ENTITLED TO CREDIT FOR TIME SERVED HERE SINCE YOU WERE ARRESTED ACCORDING TO THE LAW AND YOU WILL BE ELIGIBLE POSSIBILTY DEPENDING ON WHERE YOU ARE HOUSED IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR GOOD TIME AND WORK TIME CREDITS. But because of the Three Strikes law you don't GET FIFTY PERCENT OFF YOU ONLY GET TWENTY PERCENT OFF. Do you understand?

Defendant: Yes

THE COURT:

THE COURT CAN'T PROMISE WHERE YOU ARE GOING TO BE HOUSED UP THERE AND IF YOU REFUSE TO WORK OR FOLLOW THE RULES THEN THE'll take that away and you'll do the entire amount. Do YOU UNDERSTAND.

DEFENDANT Yes

The petitioner urges that he would not have entered a plea of guilty if he was not going to get five years off for good time work time credits. All state prisoner's are afforded the oppertunity to earn work time credits. The petitioner urges that the totality fin all of the courts VOIR DIRE advisements that make the good time credits part of the contract.

ARGUMENT

CRIMINAL LAW 159:

While no bargain or agreement can divest the court of its sentencing discretion it inherently possesses, a Judge who has accepted a plea bargain, is bound to impose a sentence within the limits of the bargain. A plea bargain agreement is in sum and essence a contract between the defendant and the prosecutor to which the court consents to be bound. Should the court consider the plea bargain to be unacceptable its remedy is to reject it not violate it directly or indirectly.

Clearly the prosecutor was aware of the law at the time of the

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Sentencing hearing and could have objected to the court making the ability to earn twenty percent work and conduct credits an element of the plea agreement.

The petitioner contends that the United States Constitution insures that Boykin/Tahl rights holds convictions based on a plea of quilty must also be supported by a record of the plea that contains evidence that accused was advised of the right to a jury trial, to confront witnesses, and against self incrimination and that a knowingly and intelligent waiver of those rights. The record must also show that the defendant knew both the nature of the charge and and the consequences of entering a plea of guilty. Boykin V. Alabama (1969) 395 U.S 238 23 L Ed.; In re Tahl(1969) 1 C3d 122,132 81 CR 577,581; People V. Sumstine (1984).

As in People V. Bonwit 219 Cal Rptr 297 stated one of the many representations made to the petitioner was the courts own improper and illusory idea that any California State prison could give out twenty percent good time work time credits. See also People V DeVaughn 135 Cal Rptr 786 holding power beyond the authority of the trial court improperly induced petitioner's guilty plea. Guilty plea must be reversed because defendants were induced by misrepresentations.

A defendant sentenced with two or more prior strikes receives no good time work time credits. (See In re Cervera (2001) 24 (4th) 1073,103 CR2d 762.

Petitioner urges that he would not have taken a plea and would have went to trial had he been aware that he would have to serve 25 years before the parole board could even consider him for parole.

A review of the law makes it clear that a defendant serving a

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prison sentence under the California Three Strikes Law for his third strike has been deemed not to be lawfully authorized to earn good time work time credits.

The petitioner has worked on a prison job in a good time earning capacity for the last ten years. (See Exhibit "B" petitioner' declaration.

PETITIONER IS UNABLE TO PRESENT DEFENSE WITNESSES FOR A NEW TRIAL AND IS PLACED AT A DISADVANTAGE

The petitioner urges that he is now placed at a disadvantage because the prosecutor and his trial counsel allowed the trial court to improperly advise the petitioner of conditions of his contract quilty plea which were clearly illusory.

The petitioner contends that this Constitutional error was the cause of the State of claimed misrepresentation made to the petitione

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Petitioner prays the court grant his petition for writ of
Habeas Corpus on the grounds that the trial court mislead and advised
the petitioner of time credits which he was not entitled to obtain
as a condition of his contract agreement with the court.

Petitioner urges he would not have gave up his right to self incrimination if he had known that he could not earn good time work time credits.

Victor Roger Hernandez

5-6-06

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Hernans

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 1 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA 2 BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM F. MARTIN, JUDGE 3 DEPARTMENT 3 4 ---000-5 6 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF 7 CALIFORNIA, PLAINTIFF, 8 vs. 9 CASE NO. 186850 VICTOR ROGER HERNANDEZ, 10 DEFENDANT. CHANGE OF PLEA 11 ---000---12 13 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS HELD ON MAY 14, 1996 15 16 17 18 19 20 APPEARANCES: 21 GEORGE CHADWICK, D.D.A. 22 FOR THE PEOPLE: J.J. KAPP, D.P.D. FOR THE DEFENDANT: 23 LEANNA JANE LANE, C.S.R. REPORTED BY: 24 CERTIFICATE NO. 3337 25 26 27 28

SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

MAY 14, 1996

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PEOPLE.

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CUSTODY, REPRESENTED BY?

MR. KAPP: J.J. KAPP, YOUR HONOR.

VICTOR HERNANDEZ WHO I RECOGNIZE. HE'S HERE DRESSED OUT. IN

PROCEEDINGS:

MR. CHADWICK: GEORGE CHADWICK ON BEHALF OF THE

THE COURT: THIS IS THE CASE OF PEOPLE VERSUS

(WHEREUPON DISCUSSION WAS HAD, NOT TRANSCRIBED.)

THE COURT: MR. HERNANDEZ, IF YOU WANT TO SETTLE

THE CASE, MY UNDERSTANDING FROM MR. CHADWICK IS THAT HE IS

OFFERING TO DISMISS THE ROBBERY AND THE PETTY THEFT WITH A

PRIOR CHARGE, COUNTS 1 AND 2, IF YOU PLEAD EITHER GUILTY OR

NO CONTEST TO COUNT 3 WHICH IS THE POSSESSION OF PCP CHARGE

AND COUNT 4, THE MISDEMEANOR, UNDER THE INFLUENCE CHARGE AND

ADMIT THE STRIKES THAT ARE CHARGED HERE AND THE SERIOUS

FELONY PRIORS, TOO --

MR. CHADWICK: NO.

THE COURT: THEY DON'T HAVE ANY AFFECT HERE?

MR. CHADWICK: CORRECT, YOUR HONOR. PEOPLE WOULD DISMISS THOSE. PEOPLE WOULD ASK MR. HERNANDEZ TO ADMIT ALL OF THE PRISON PRIORS AND LEAVE IT TO THE COURT'S DISCRETION AS TO WHETHER TO IMPOSE THEM. THE ONLY -- ALL THE PEOPLE INTEND TO DO IS DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2 IF MR. HERNANDEZ ADMITS THE REST OF THE INFORMATION THAT APPLIES TO THIS CASE.

THE COURT: SO THEY ARE OFFERING TO DISMISS COUNTS

1 AND 2 IF YOU PLEAD EITHER GUILTY OR NO CONTEST TO COUNTS 3

2	AND 4 AND ADMIT ALL THE OTHER ALLEGATIONS THAT ARE CHARGED
3	HERE. AND THE OTHER ALLEGATIONS AND THE MOST IMPORTANT ONES
4	ARE THEY HAVE TWO STRIKES CHARGED WHICH WOULD BE REQUIRE
5	TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE RIGHT THERE SIMPLY BECAUSE OF THE
6	FELONY POSSESSION CHARGE AND THEN THEY'VE GOT SOME SERIOUS
7	FELONY CHARGES HERE WHICH, IF YOU GOT CONVICTED OF THE
8	ROBBERY WOULD, ADD FIVE YEARS FOR EACH ONE OF THOSE. BUT
9	BECAUSE THE ROBBERY IS GETTING DISMISSED THEY DO NOT APPLY
10	EVEN THOUGH YOU'RE ADMITTING THEM.
11	THEN YOU HAVE WHAT LOOKS LIKE FOUR PRISON PRIORS
12	CHARGED HERE. DOES THAT SOUND RIGHT TO YOU?
13	MR. CHADWICK: YES.
14	MR. KAPP: YES.
15	THE COURT: THEY'RE ASKING YOU TO ADMIT THOSE AND
16	IN THEORY I COULD GIVE YOU ONE YEAR FOR EACH OF THOSE OR AN
17	ADDITIONAL FOUR YEARS ON TOP OF THE TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO
1.8	LIFE AT THE TIME OF SENTENCING IF I THOUGHT IT WAS
19	APPROPRIATE.
20	MR. CHADWICK: YOUR HONOR, PEOPLE MOVE TO STRIKE
21	WILL MOVE TO STRIKE THE FIRST PRISON PRIOR UNDER THE PEOPLE
22	VERSUS JONES CASE. I'M NOT CONVINCED AT THIS TIME THAT
23	THAT'S AN APPROPRIATE DUEL USE OF A PRISON PRIOR. SO WE
24	WOULD ONLY ASK HIM TO ADMIT THE LAST THREE.
25	THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SO IN ESSENCE, YOU ARE
26	FACING AT LEAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE, POSSIBLY

TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS TO LIFE DEPENDING ON YOUR PROBATION

REPORT AND DISCUSSIONS WE HAVE AT THE TIME OF YOUR

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SENTENCING.

DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT PROMISE TO YOU? YOU HAVE TO ANSWER OUT LOUD.

THE DEFENDANT: I DO.

THE COURT: MY QUESTION TO YOU IS: HAS ANYONE PROMISED ANYTHING ELSE BESIDES THAT TO YOU?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

MR. KAPP: YOUR HONOR, CAN I STOP A MINUTE?

THE COURT: YES.

MR. KAPP: WOULD IT BE ACCURATE TO SAY THAT THE COURT HAS INDICATED THAT AT LEAST PRELIMINARILY THAT IF MR. HERNANDEZ IS CONVICTED OF THE POSSESSION, HAVING ADMITTED THE TWO STRIKE PRIORS AND THE THREE PRISON PRIORS, THAT THE COURT WOULD BE INCLINED TO IMPOSE THE MANDATORY SENTENCE OF TWENTY-FIVE TO LIFE, WOULD THAT BE --

THE COURT: I THINK THAT'S WHERE I WOULD BE STARTING.

MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE ARE NOT GOING TO ASK THE COURT TO IMPOSE THE THREE, ANY OF THE THREE PRISON PRIORS.

THE COURT: I HAVE TO ADVISE YOU TECHNICALLY THAT YOU'RE EXPOSED TO THOSE THREE PRIORS BECAUSE THEY WANT YOU TO ADMIT THEM HERE. BUT IN MY FEELING ABOUT THIS CASE AND YOUR HISTORY, I THINK TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE IS SATISFACTORY UNLESS THERE'S SOMETHING IN YOUR PROBATION REPORT THAT COMES UP THAT WE DON'T KNOW ABOUT RIGHT NOW. DO YOU UNDERSTAND ALL THAT, MR. HERNANDEZ?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: SO, THE FIRST QUESTION AGAIN IS: HAS

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ANYONE PROMISED YOU ANYTHING ELSE OTHER THAN THAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IS GOING TO DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2, THE ROBBERY AND THE PETTY THEFT WITH A PRIOR, AND THEY'RE ALSO GOING TO DISMISS THE FIRST OF THE PRISON PRIORS IF YOU PLEAD GUILTY OR NO CONTEST TO COUNTS 3 AND 4, POSSESSION OF PCP AND THE MISDEMEANOR, UNDER THE INFLUENCE, AND ADMIT ALL THE STRIKES AND ALL THE OTHER PRISON PRIORS AND SERIOUS FELONIES THAT ARE ALLEGED; IS THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: NOBODY HAS PROMISED YOU ANYTHING ELSE BESIDES THAT, IS THAT CORRECT?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

THE COURT: IS THAT CORRECT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: HAS ANYONE THREATENED YOU OR ANYONE CLOSE TO YOU TO MAKE YOU CHANGE YOUR PLEA HERE AND SETTLE THE CASE?

> THE DEFENDANT: NO.

THE COURT: ARE YOU SETTLING THE CASE THEN OF YOUR OWN FREE WILL?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: YOU'RE IN JAIL NOW, IS THAT RIGHT,

SIR?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: AND WHERE ARE YOU HOUSED?

THE DEFENDANT: 7-B.

THE COURT: HAVE YOU TAKEN ANY DRUGS, MEDICINE,

NARCOTICS OR ALCOHOL IN THE LAST TWO DAYS?

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1	THE COURT: IF I SAY OR IF ANYBODY SAYS ANYTHING
2 *	THAT YOU DON'T UNDERSTAND, WILL YOU PROMISE TO RAISE YOUR
3	HAND AND ASK A QUESTION?
4	THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.
. 5	THE COURT: ARE YOU THINKING CLEARLY THEN HERE
6	TODAY?
7	THE DEFENDANT: YES.
8	THE COURT: HOW LONG HAS MR. KAPP BEEN YOUR LAWYER
9	ROUGHLY, HOW MANY MONTHS?
10	THE DEFENDANT: ABOUT NINE AND A HALF.
11	THE COURT: BASICALLY, PRETTY MUCH MAYBE WITHIN A
12	MONTH OR SO AFTER YOU GOT ARRESTED, WAS HE YOUR LAWYER?
13	THE DEFENDANT: NO.
14	THE COURT: YOU GOT ARRESTED DID YOU GET
15	ARRESTED IN AUGUST OF LAST YEAR?
16	THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.
17	THE COURT: MR. KAPP, WHEN DID YOU FIRST COME INTO
18	THE PICTURE IN THIS CASE?
19	MR. KAPP: SEPTEMBER 12TH IT LOOKS LIKE.
20	THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SO ABOUT A MONTH AFTER YOU
21	GOT ARRESTED MR. KAPP GOT APPOINTED TO THE CASE. IS THAT
22	RIGHT?
23	THE DEFENDANT: YES.
24	THE COURT: AND HAS HE TALKED TO YOU BEFORE TODAY,
25	HAS MR. KAPP GONE OVER AND TALKED TO YOU BEFORE TODAY?
26	THE DEFENDANT: YEAH.
27	THE COURT: HAS HE TAKEN THE TIME TO EXPLAIN TO
28	YOU WHAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY HAS TO PROVE IN ORDER TO

CONVICT YOU OF THE CHARGED CRIMES IN THE INFORMATION, HAS HE GONE OVER THOSE THINGS WITH YOU?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

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THE COURT: HAS HE ALSO GONE OVER ANY DEFENSES YOU MIGHT HAVE, ESPECIALLY TO SOME OF THE CHARGES AT LEAST?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: AND HAS HE ALSO EXPLAINED TO YOU YOUR STATUTORY AND YOUR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, HAS HE GONE OVER THOSE WITH YOU?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: ARE YOU SATISFIED WITH MR. KAPP'S LEGAL ADVICE?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: MR. KAPP, DO YOU UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES CONCUR WITH THE RESOLUTION OF THE CASE IN THIS FASHION?

MR. KAPP: I DO, YOUR HONOR. BECAUSE AFTER
ADVISING MR. HERNANDEZ OF ALL THE POSSIBILITIES THAT I SAW
AND THE OPTIONS THAT HE HAD, IT IS HIS DECISION THAT HE
WANTS TO DO THIS. AND FOR THAT REASON IT'S NOT BECAUSE I
AGREE WITH THE LAW THAT'S APPLIED AND IT'S NOT BECAUSE I
THINK THAT TWENTY-FIVE TO LIFE IS A FAIR SENTENCE.

THE COURT: BUT CONSIDERING THE OTHER ALTERNATIVES

IF HE WERE TO GET CONVICTED AFTER TRIAL -- I THINK SOMEBODY

SAID SIXTY YEARS TO LIFE, SOMETHING REALLY OUTRAGEOUS,

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE IS SOMETHING THAT YOU THINK IS A

BETTER OPTION FOR HIM AT THIS TIME.

MR. KAPP: WELL, I THINK THAT HE IS PERFECTLY ABLE

TO DECIDE IF THAT'S THE BETTER OPTION AND I RESPECT HIS DECISION TO DO THAT.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. ARE YOU RECOMMENDING THAT HE NOT SETTLE THE CASE?

MR. KAPP: I'M NOT. I'M NOT RECOMMENDING THAT HE
NOT SETTLE THE CASE AND I'VE SIMPLY LAID OUT THE OPTIONS. I
TOLD HIM TO GO BACK OVER THE NOON HOUR AND THINK ABOUT IT
AND THIS IS THE DECISION HE'S MADE AND SO --

THE COURT: AND YOU RESPECT THAT.

MR. KAPP: I RESPECT IT AND IN THAT SENSE I CONCUR.

THE COURT: VERY WELL.

MR. HERNANDEZ, THIS DOES NOT APPLY TO YOU BUT I'M REQUIRED BY LAW TO SAY THIS. IF YOU ARE NOT A CITIZEN, CONVICTION OF A FELONY CAN RESULT IN DEPORTATION, DENIAL OF NATURALIZATION OR REFUSAL OF RE-ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES. THAT DOES NOT APPLY IF YOU ARE A CITIZEN. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YEAH.

THE COURT: AND I AM ALSO REQUIRED TO TELL YOU THE MAXIMUM PUNISHMENT YOU COULD RECEIVE UNDER THIS SETTLEMENT.

YOU MUST RECEIVE TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE BECAUSE OF THE TWO STRIKES THAT YOU WILL BE ADMITTING HERE TODAY AFTER THE CONVICTION OF THE FELONY POSSESSION CHARGE AND YOU COULD RECEIVE AN ADDITIONAL THREE YEARS FOR ONE -- FOR EACH OF THE THREE PRISON PRIORS THAT YOU WILL BE ADMITTING FOR A MAXIMUM OF UP TO TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS TO LIFE. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THE THEORETICAL MAXIMUM?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: UNDERSTAND THE MINIMUM OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: I'M FORGETTING HOW LONG YOU WOULD BE ON PAROLE ON A LIFE SENTENCE. IS IT FIVE YEARS? ANYBODY KNOW?

THE DEFENDANT: I DON'T KNOW.

MR. CHADWICK: MAXIMUM FIVE YEARS FOR LIFE CRIMES, CAN BE EXTENDED TO SEVEN. LIFE PAROLE FOR MURDER IS WHAT IT SAYS HERE.

MR. KAPP: I BELIEVE THAT THAT'S CORRECT.

THE COURT: YOU CAM BE PLACED ON PAROLE ONCE YOU GET OUT OF PRISON FOR UP TO FIVE YEARS. IF YOU VIOLATE THE RULES OF PAROLE, THEY CAN HAVE A HEARING AND RETURN YOU TO PRISON FOR UP TO ONE YEAR FOR EACH VIOLATION OF PAROLE —— AND YOU ALREADY KNOW THAT BECAUSE YOU'VE BEEN ON PAROLE BEFORE —— AND EXTEND YOUR PAROLE SUPERVISION UP TO SEVEN YEARS MAXIMUM BECAUSE THIS IS A TWENTY—FIVE TO LIFE CASE. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: THERE'S A TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLAR MAXIMUM FINE, THERE'S A TWO HUNDRED DOLLAR MINIMUM FINE THAT I MUST IMPOSE EVEN THOUGH YOU'RE GOING TO PRISON. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: I BELIEVE UNDER 11377 YOU ARE REQUIRED TO REGISTER AS A NARCOTICS OFFENDER. FAILURE TO DO THAT

WOULD BE A NEW CRIME AND THEY COULD PROSECUTE YOU FOR
FAILURE TO REGISTER AS A NARCOTICS OFFENDER ONCE YOU GET OUT
OF PRISON. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

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THE COURT: THERE IS AN A NINETY DAY MINIMUM ON

THE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF PCP CHARGE WHICH IS THE LEAST OF

YOUR PROBLEMS BUT YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: YOU WILL HAVE, OF COURSE, ANOTHER
FELONY CONVICTION ON YOUR RECORD -- YOU'VE GOT A LOT OF THEM
ALREADY -- AND YOU WILL HAVE ANOTHER PRISON PRIOR ON YOUR
RECORD AND YOU'VE GOT A FEW OF THOSE ALREADY AS A RESULT OF
SETTLING THE CASE HERE TODAY. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: DID YOU WANT TO PLEAD GUILTY OR NO CONTEST HERE TODAY?

THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

THE COURT: WHEN YOU PLEAD GUILTY TO THE TWO
CHARGES, COUNTS 3 AND 4, AND ALSO WHEN YOU ADMIT THE STRIKES
ARE TRUE AND VALID AND WHEN YOU ADMIT THE PRISON PRIORS ARE
TRUE AND VALID, THE THREE OF THEM THAT YOU'RE GOING TO
ADMIT, WHEN YOU DO ALL THOSE THINGS YOU'LL BE GIVING UP
IMPORTANT RIGHTS. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: THE FIRST RIGHT I WANT TO GO OVER IS
YOUR RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT ON THE
CHARGES AND ON THE PRIORS AND ON THE STRIKES TO HAVE A JURY
TRIAL. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

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THE COURT: AND YOU GIVE IT UP SO YOU CAN SETTLE

THE CASE, PLEAD GUILTY AND ADMIT THE STRIKES AND THE PRIORS?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: NOW, IF YOU DIDN'T WANT TO HAVE A JURY TRIAL YOU COULD HAVE A JUDGE OR A COURT TRIAL WITHOUT A JURY AND IF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY GAVE UP THEIR RIGHT TO A JURY TRAIL YOU WOULD HAVE A RIGHT TO A COURT TRIAL. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: DO YOU GIVE IT UP ALSO SO YOU CAN PLEAD GUILTY AND ADMIT THE STRIKES AND THE PRIORS?

THE COURT: YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REMAIN SILENT.

IF YOU SAY THE WORD GUILTY, YOU ADMIT THE STRIKES ARE TRUE,

IF YOU ADMIT THE PRISON PRIORS ARE TRUE, YOU ARE CONVICTING

YOURSELF, YOU'RE INCRIMINATING YOURSELF AND YOU'RE GIVING UP

THAT RIGHT. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: DO YOU GIVE IT UP SO WE CAN SETTLE THE CASE?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CONFRONT AND CROSS-EXAMINE THE WITNESSES AND THE EVIDENCE AGAINST YOU. THAT MEANS YOU COULD SIT THERE AND SEE THE WITNESSES, LISTEN TO THEM TESTIFY AND HAVE YOUR LAWYER ASK THEM QUESTIONS UNDER OATH ABOUT WHAT THEY SAY YOU DID WRONG. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: AND DO YOU GIVE UP THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: AND FINALLY, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO

DEFEND YOURSELF. THAT MEANS YOU COULD TESTIFY AND TELL US

YOUR SIDE AND YOU COULD SUBPOENA UNDER COURT ORDER WITNESSES

AND EVIDENCE INTO COURT TO TESTIFY FOR YOUR SIDE. DO YOU

UNDERSTAND THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: AND DO YOU GIVE IT UP SO WE CAN SETTLE THE CASE?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK, DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER ADDITIONAL SUGGESTED VOIR DIRE, SIR?

MR. CHADWICK: SOME COURTS DON'T LIKE THIS QUESTION AT THIS STAGE BUT I ASK THAT HE BE ADVISED OF CREDITS.

THE COURT: WELL, YOU'RE ENTITLED TO CREDIT FOR
TIME SERVED HERE SINCE YOU WERE ARRESTED, ACCORDING TO THE
LAW, AND YOU WILL BE ELIGIBLE POSSIBLY, DEPENDING ON WHERE
YOU'RE HOUSED IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, FOR
GOOD TIME AND WORK TIME CREDIT. BUT BECAUSE OF THE THREE
STRIKES LAW, YOU DON'T GET FIFTY PERCENT OFF, YOU ONLY GET
TWENTY PERCENT OFF. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: WE CAN'T PROMISE WHERE YOU'RE GOING TO
BE HOUSED UP THERE, AND IF YOU REFUSE TO WORK OR FOLLOW THE
RULES, THEN THEY'LL TAKE THAT AWAY AND YOU'LL DO THE ENTIRE

AMOUNT. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

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THE DEFENDANT: YES.

MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE ARE NOT ASKING FOR
RESTITUTION TO THE VICTIM BECAUSE I DON'T THINK SHE SUFFERED
ANY ECONOMIC LOSSES.

THE COURT: WELL, IN THE PRELIM TRANSCRIPT SHE GOT
A ONE-INCH GASH OUT OF THIS THING.

MR. CHADWICK: I DON'T HAVE ANY EVIDENCE WITH ME THAT WE COULD REDUCE TO A DOLLAR FIGURE THAT SHE RECEIVE MEDICAL TREATMENT.

THE COURT: JUST TO BE SAFE, EVEN THOUGH YOU'RE GOING TO PRISON, IT'S POSSIBLE, IN FACT IT'S LIKELY THAT I WILL ORDER YOU TO PAY RESTITUTION TO THE VICTIM FOR ANY DAMAGE, LOSS OR HARM THAT YOU CAUSED HERE AS A RESULT OF THIS EVEN THOUGH YOU WERE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF PCP AT THIS TIME. IT'S YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.

SHE MAY NOT NEED ANY COMPENSATION BECAUSE YOU
DIDN'T GET AWAY WITH THE PROPERTY AND SHE MAY HAVE ONLY HAD
A MINOR INJURY THAT DOESN'T REQUIRE ANY MEDICAL TREATMENT OR
COMPENSATION OR SHE MAY NEED COUNSELING AS A RESULT OF THIS
AND I MAY ORDER RESTITUTION. BUT THE IMPORTANT THING IS IF
YOU DISAGREE WITH THE AMOUNT THAT'S SPECIFIED BY THE
AUTHORITIES THAT YOU OWE ON RESTITUTION, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT
TO A COURT HEARING ON HOW MUCH YOU WOULD HAVE TO PAY. SO IF
THEY'RE ASKING FOR A MILLION DOLLARS YOU CAN COME IN AND SAY
I WANT A COURT HEARING ON THAT. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?
THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: MR. KAPP, DO YOU HAVE ANYTHING FOR THE

RECORD THAT YOU WOULD LIKE TO ADD, SIR?

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MR. KAPP: NO THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. MR. HERNANDEZ, DO YOU HAVE
ANY QUESTIONS OF ANYONE HERE ABOUT YOUR RIGHTS OR ABOUT THE
SETTLEMENT?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SIR. THEN WITH ALL THE MAXIMUMS AND THE MINIMUMS AND ALL YOUR RIGHTS IN MIND, WHAT IS YOUR PLEA TO THE FELONY CHARGE IN COUNT 3, ON OR ABOUT AUGUST THE 13TH OF LAST YEAR, 1995, THAT YOU POSSESSED PCP, IT'S A FELONY, VIOLATION OF HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTION 11377(A) AS CHARGED IN THE INFORMATION, GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY?

THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

THE COURT: AND TO COUNT 4, MISDEMEANOR CHARGE,

11550 OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF

PCP AS CHARGED IN THE INFORMATION ON THE SAME DATE?

THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

THE COURT: IT'S FURTHER ALLEGED THAT PRIOR TO THE COMMISSION OF THE FELONY IN COUNT 3 THAT YOU SUFFERED A STRIKE PRIOR CONVICTION, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1170.12 AND 667(B) THROUGH (I) AND IT WAS FOR BURGLARY OF AN INHABITED DWELLING HOUSE. AND THE DOCKET OUT OF THIS COUNTY IS 82270. IS THAT STRIKE CONVICTION AS ALLEGED IN THE INFORMATION IN THOSE TWO DIFFERENT WAYS TRUE AND VALID?

THE DEFENDANT: TRUE.

THE COURT: IT'S FURTHER ALLEGED THAT YOU SUFFERED
ANOTHER STRIKE AND THAT WAS THE ONE THAT WAS TWENTY YEARS

AGO IN 1975, THAT YOU SUFFERED ANOTHER STRIKE CONVICTION. 1 WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1170.12 OF THE PENAL CODE AND 667(B) 2 3 THROUGH (I) OF THE PENAL CODE, AND THAT IS ALSO FOR BURGLARY OF AN INHABITED DWELLING HOUSE AND THE DOCKET OUT OF THIS 4 5 COUNTY ON THAT CASE IS 61347. APPARENTLY THAT'S THE ONE THAT HAPPENED IN ABOUT 1986 OR SO. IS THAT STRIKE PRIOR 6 7 TRUE AND VALID AS ALLEGED IN THE INFORMATION? MR. CHADWICK: EXCUSE ME, YOUR HONOR, 1975, THE 8 FIRST ONE. WE'VE CHARGED THEM IN REVERSE CHRONOLOGICAL 9 10 ORDER. THE COURT: OKAY. THE FIRST ONE YOU ADMITTED WAS 11 12 1982. MR. KAPP: '82. 13 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. AND YOU ADMIT THAT THE 14 FIRST CHARGED STRIKE PRIOR IS TRUE AND VALID 82270, IS THAT 15 RIGHT, SIR? 16 THE DEFENDANT: YES. 17 THE COURT: THE SECOND ONE CHARGED IS THE OLDER OF 18 THE TWO AND THAT IS THE ONE THAT'S TWENTY YEARS OLD AND THAT 19 20 DOCKET IS 61347. THAT ALSO WAS BURGLARY OF AN INHABITED DWELLING HOUSE, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1170.12 AND 667(B) 21 THROUGH (I) AS ALLEGED HERE IN THE INFORMATION. IS THAT 22 STRIKE PRIOR TRUE AND VALID? 23 THE DEFENDANT: TRUE. 24 THE COURT: OKAY. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IS ALSO 25 26 ASKING THAT YOU ADMIT TWO SERIOUS FELONY PRIORS EVEN THOUGH 27 THEY HAVE NO LEGAL EFFECT HERE.

MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE MOVE TO STRIKE THOSE AT THIS

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TIME.

THE COURT: TAKE THAT MOTION UNDER SUBMISSION.

PEOPLE HAVE A MOTION TO STRIKE THE FIRST CHARGED

4 PRISON PRIOR. I'LL TAKE THAT UNDER SUBMISSION.

MR. CHADWICK: YES, YOUR HONOR.

MR. CHADWICK: UNDER PEOPLE VERSUS JONES.

THE COURT: OKAY. SO MR. HERNANDEZ, WE ARE DOWN NOW TO THE THREE REMAINING PRISON PRIORS.

PRIOR FOR ESCAPE, 4530(B), WITHIN THE MEANING OF 667.5(B) OF THE PENAL CODE AND THAT'S ON DOCKET 87364. I GUESS THAT WAS WHERE YOU FAILED TO RETURN TO A HALFWAY HOUSE OR WORK FURLOUGH FACILITY IN STATE PRISON. IS THAT PRISON PRIOR AS CHARGED IN THE INFORMATION TRUE AND VALID?

THE DEFENDANT: TRUE.

THE COURT: IT'S NEXT CHARGED THAT YOU SUFFERED ANOTHER PRISON PRIOR FOR POSSESSION FOR SALE -- EXCUSE

ME -- SALES OF LSD. THE DOCKET IS 109366 AND THAT IS

CHARGED WITHIN THE MEANING OF 667.5(B) OF THE PENAL CODE.

IS THAT PRISON PRIOR ALSO TRUE AND VALID?

THE DEFENDANT: TRUE.

THE COURT: FINALLY, IT'S ALLEGED THAT YOU HAVE
ANOTHER PRISON PRIOR, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 667.5(B) OUT OF
STANISLAUS COUNTY FOR BURGLARY, DOCKET 270104, AND
APPARENTLY THAT'S THE LAST OF YOUR PRISON PRIORS. IS THAT
PRISON PRIOR TRUE AND VALID, SIR? MR. HERNANDEZ, IS THAT
PRISON PRIOR TRUE AND VALID? THAT CONVICTION WAS IN
STANISLAUS COUNTY FOR BURGLARY AS CHARGED?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

MR. CHADWICK: YOUR HONOR, PEOPLE ARE MOVING -- TOO
THE EXTENT IT'S NOT ALREADY CLEAR ON THE RECORD, PEOPLE ARE
MOVING TO DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2. THE REASONS ARE IN THE
INTERESTS OF JUSTICE. BECAUSE OF ALL THE REASONS STATED IN
MR. KAPP'S REQUEST FOR DISMISSAL OF THE PRIOR UNDER SECTION
1385 AND BECAUSE OF MR. HERNANDEZ' CHANGE OF PLEA TO COUNTS
3 AND 4, PEOPLE BELIEVE THAT THE LESSER SENTENCE FROM COUNTS
3 AND 4 IS MORE APPROPRIATE IN THIS CASE THAN ALL FOUR
COUNTS IN THIS PRETRIAL STAGE RIGHT HERE. SO BECAUSE OF THE
RELATIVE LACK OF VIOLENCE AND THE HISTORY AND OTHER REASONS
STATED, PEOPLE MOVE TO DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2.

THE COURT: YOU'RE ASKING ME AT THE TIME OF
SENTENCING TO DISMISS THE ROBBERY AND THE PETTY THEFT WITH A
PRIOR BECAUSE HE'S ENTERED PLEAS HERE TO THE REMAINING
CHARGES AND ADMITTED THREE OF THE PRISON PRIORS AND HE'S
ADMITTED BOTH STRIKES.

MR. CHADWICK: YES, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: THAT'S IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE AND FOR THE REASONS STATED BY MR. KAPP WHEN HE WAS ASKING ME TO EITHER REDUCE THE CASE OR TO STRIKE ONE OF THE STRIKES?

MR. CHADWICK: YES, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. I'LL TAKE THAT MOTION UNDER SUBMISSION 'TIL THE DATE OF SENTENCING AS TO MR. HERNANDEZ.

NOW, MR. HERNANDEZ, DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OF ANYONE HERE, INCLUDING YOUR LAWYER, AS TO THE SETTLEMENT OF THE CASE, TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SETTLEMENT OR ANY OF

YOUR RIGHTS? DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

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THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. I WILL THEN FIND THAT YOUR PLEA IS FREE AND VOLUNTARY, KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT, AND I WILL ASK COUNSEL IF THEY STIPULATE THAT I CAN FIND A FACTUAL BASIS TO SUPPORT THE PLEA AND THE ADMISSIONS -- LET ME GO BACK.

I'LL FIND THAT BOTH YOUR PLEAS AND YOUR ADMISSIONS

ARE FREE AND VOLUNTARY, KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT, AND I'LL

ASK COUNSEL IF THERE'S A STIPULATION THAT THERE'S A FACTUAL

BASIS TO SUPPORT THE PLEAS AND ADMISSIONS IN THE OFFENSE

REPORTS, PRELIM TRANSCRIPT AND COURT RECORDS FROM THIS

COUNTY AND STANISLAUS COUNTY; MR. KAPP?

MR. KAPP: SO STIPULATED.

THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK?

MR. CHADWICK: SO STIPULATED.

THE COURT: I'LL FIND A FACTUAL BASIS BASED ON THAT STIPULATION AND ON THE COURT RECORDS, TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE COURT RECORDS.

I WILL ORDER A FULL REPORT IN THIS CASE FULL
PROBATION REPORT. THEY'LL INTERVIEW YOU AND GIVE YOU A
CHANCE TO TELL US YOUR SIDE OF IT, MR. HERNANDEZ, IN MORE
DETAIL. I REALLY HAVEN'T TALKED WITH YOU DIRECTLY ABOUT
WHAT WAS GOING ON AT THAT TIME BACK IN AUGUST OF LAST YEAR,
I WOULD CERTAINLY LIKE TO HEAR YOUR SIDE OF IT, TO BE
HONEST.

I'M WONDERING, MR. KAPP, DOES HE WANT TO WAIVE
TIME FOR SENTENCING OR NOT?

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MR. KAPP:
                         TIME IS WAIVED FOR SENTENCING, YOUR
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             WE ARE PREPARED TO WAIVE A FULL REPORT BUT IF THE
 2
     COURT WOULD LIKE A FULL REPORT --
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               THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK, WHAT DO YOU THINK?
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               MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE ARE ASKING FOR A FULL
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     REPORT, YOUR HONOR.
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             THE COURT: I THOUGHT THE PEOPLE MIGHT ASK FOR
 7
     ONE.
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               I'LL GET A FULL REPORT. I THINK IT'S APPROPRIATE.
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     IT'S A SERIOUS CASE, SERIOUS CHARGE, SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES,
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     AND I WOULD LIKE TO HEAR FROM MR. HERNANDEZ. I STILL HAVE
     TO FIGURE OUT WHAT TO DO ABOUT THE PRISON PRIORS. I WOULD
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     LIKE TO HEAR HIS SIDE OF IT.
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             14
     COURT DAYS. YOUR LAWYER TELLS ME YOU WANT TO WAIVE TIME FOR
15
     A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME ANYWAY TO ALLOW US TO DO THAT. I WAS
16
     THINKING OF MAYBE JUNE THE 5TH OR THE 12TH -- ACTUALLY, NOT
17
     THE 12TH BUT MAYBE THE 19TH.
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              MR. KAPP: THAT'S FINE, YOUR HONOR.
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              THE COURT: WHICH ONE?
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              MR. KAPP: THE 19TH IS FINE.
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              THE COURT: JUNE THE 19TH AT 8:30 IN DEPARTMENT 24
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    AT THE HALL OF JUSTICE. DISCUSSIONS, MR. KAPP AND MR.
    CHADWICK, WILL BE AT 8:30 IN DEPARTMENT 26 ON THE THIRD
24
25
    FLOOR.
              MR. HERNANDEZ, DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS?
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              THE DEFENDANT: NO, SIR.
              THE COURT: OKAY. ARE YOU ALL RIGHT? OKAY.
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SHAKING YOUR HEAD YES. YOU'VE GOT TO SAY SOMETHING HERE ON
 1
     THE RECORD. SAY YES OR NO. ALL RIGHT. THANK YOU, SIR, FOR
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     SETTLING YOUR CASE. I'LL SEE YOU IN JUNE.
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               THE DEFENDANT: ALL RIGHT.
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA SS. COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA) I, LEANNA J. LANE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A FULL, TRUE AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS HAD IN THE WITHIN-ENTITLED ACTION HELD ON MAY 14, 1996. THAT, I REPORTED THE SAME IN STENOTYPE BEING THE QUALIFIED AND ACTING OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA, APPOINTED TO SAID COURT, AND THEREAFTER HAD THE SAME TRANSCRIBED INTO TYPEWRITING AS HEREIN APPEARS. DATED THIS 14TH DAY OF MAY, 1996. CERTIFICATE NO.

EXHIBIT "B"

DECLARATION BY PETITIONER

3

I Victor Hernandez declare under the penality of perjury:

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(1) That prior to my plea agreement my attorney explained to me that the District Attorney had offered me a plea agreement which would result in me pleading guilty and getting a prison sentence in which I would serve twenty years and get twenty percent off for good behavior.

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(2) When I entered the court room on the record the trial court took my plea and reminded me that I would be getting twenty

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(3) If I had known at the time of the plea that I could not earn goodtime worktime credits I would have not taken the deal.

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percent off for good time credits.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the information I have provided is true and correct.

Victor Hernandez

EXHIBIT E

California Courts - Appellate Court Case Information

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CALIFORNIA APPELLATE COURTS



Case Information

We come 6th Appellate District

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<u>Case Summary</u> <u>Docket Scheduled Actions Briefs</u> <u>Disposition</u> <u>Parties and Attorneys</u> <u>Trial Court</u>

Calendar

He1p

Docket (Register of Actions)

Opinions

Hernandez on Habeas Corpus

C|C

Date	Description	Notes
08/11/2006	Petition for a writ of habeas corpus filed.	
09/01/2006	Case fully briefed.	
09/01/2006	Order denying petition filed.	The petition for writ of habeas corpus is denied (P, E, WD)
09/01/2006	Case complete.	
11/01/2006	Record purged - to be shipped to state records center.	·

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EXHIBIT F

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SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA OCT 9 7 2006

No. 186850 In re Order VICTOR HERNANDEZ

On Habeas Corpus

VICTOR HERANDEZ ("Petitioner") has filed another petition for a writ of habeas. corpus. Petitioner again alleges that he is being denied prison credits in violation of his plea bargain and requests to withdraw his plea.

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

As explained previously, there is a bar against successive attacks on one's conviction by means of a petition for habeas corpus relief:

It has long been the rule that absent a change in the applicable law or the facts, the court will not consider repeated applications for habeas corpus considering claims previously rejected. [citations] The court has also refused to consider newly presented grounds for relief which were known to the petitioner at the time of a prior collateral attack on the judgment. [citation] The rule was stated clearly in In re Connor, supra, 16 Cal.2d 701, 705: "In this state a defendant is not permitted to try out his contentions piecemeal by successive proceedings attacking the validity of the judgment against him." (In re Clark (1993) 5 Cal.4th 750, 767-768.)

Past California decisions have suggested "that the rules against piecemeal presentation of claims and repetitious petitions are subject to undefined exceptions and that the court may be willing to entertain multiple collateral attacks on a judgment notwithstanding the potential for

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abusive writ practice." (<u>Id</u>. at 768.) The <u>Clark</u> court found that it was "not persuaded that either [Pen. Code] section 1475 or sound policy mandates or warrants consideration of unjustified successive collateral attacks on a judgment of conviction." (<u>Id</u>. at 769.) Thus, the court concluded that "such petitions may and should be denied." (<u>Id</u>. at 770.) "Before a successive petition will be entertained on its merits the petitioner must explain and justify the failure to present claims in a timely manner in his prior petition or petitions." (<u>Id</u>. at 774.)

"A litigant mounting a collateral challenge to a final criminal judgment [must] do so in a timely fashion. By requiring that such challenges be made reasonably promptly, we vindicate society's interest in the finality of its criminal judgments, as well as the public's interest "in the orderly and reasonably prompt implementation of its laws." [citation omitted.] Such timeliness rules serve other salutary interests as well. Requiring a prisoner to file his or her challenge promptly helps ensure that possibly vital evidence will not be lost through the passage of time or the fading of memories. In addition, we cannot overestimate the value of the psychological repose that may come for the victim, or the surviving family and friends of the victim, generated by the knowledge the ordeal is finally over. Accordingly, we enforce time limits on the filing of petitions for writs of habeas corpus in noncapital cases (see, e.g., In re Swain (1949) 34 Cal. 2d 300, 304)...." (In re Sanders (1999) 21 Cal. 4th 697, 703.)

In the present case, as explained previously, petitioner previously filed a habeas petition in March 2004 challenging his 1995 plea. Petitioner alleged he had been misadvised as to the length of his sentence by his attorney and wanted to withdraw his plea. The petition was denied where the plea transcripts clearly showed defendant was told he could receive 25 years to life. At no point in the habeas petition to withdraw his plea did petitioner challenge his eligibility for prison credits. Petitioner cannot do so now. Not only is the present petition an impermissible successive attack, but it is also untimely as it is being brought over 11 years since his plea. Petitioner still fails to give any explanation as to why the claim was not brought previously.

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credits until this year. Petitioner further alleges that he did not bring the March 2004 petition.

However, petitioner's signature is on the petition.

Accordingly, the petition is DENIED.

There is no adequate explanation showing that petitioner did not know that he was not earning

Date: 250c+ 2006

PAUL BERNAL

TUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

Petitioner
District Attorney
Research

Name Victor Hernandez		·		MC-275
Address P.V.S.P. / D3-	128L			
P.O. Box - 850)4		·.	
Coalinga, CA.	93210			
CDC or ID Number K-3165		CLARA SUPERIOR COURT	VIRIT	2 2006 TORRE ve Officer/Clerk County of Santa Clara
·	- FOR TH		Ву	County of Santa Clara Deputy Chua
Victor Hernandez		(Court) PETITION FOR W	VRIT OF HABEAS (
Þetitioner vs.		No. (To be supp	olied by the Clerk of the	Court)
Respondent			,	

INSTRUCTIONS - READ CAREFULLY

- If you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.
- If you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county in which you are confined.
- Read the entire form before answering any questions.
- This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and
 correct. Because the petition includes a verification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction
 for perjury.
- Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."
- If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original unless local rules require additional copies.

 Many courts require more copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and thirteen copies.
- Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.
- In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See
 Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

Approved by the Judicial Council of California for use under Rules 56.5 and 201(h)(1) of the California Rules of Court [as amended effective January 1, 1999]. Subsequent amendments to Rule 44(b) may change the number of copies to be furnished the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

Page one of six



This petition concerns:		•	
A conviction Parole			
A sentence Credits			
Jail or prison conditions Prison discipline			
Other (specify):			
Victor Hernandez			
Your name: P.V.S.P.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Where are you incarcerated?	· ·		
Why are you in custody? Criminal Conviction Civil Commitment			
Answer subdivisions a. through i. to the best of your ability.	,		
 a. State reason for civil commitment or, if criminal conviction, state nature of offer with use of a deadly weapon"). Possession of PCP/ Under the Inf 	*	nts (for exam	ple, "robbery
b. Penal or other code sections: P.C. 11377(A) P.C. 1170.1	12		
0	Clara Superi	ior Cour	+ :
c. Name and location of sentencing or committing court: Santa C	Jiara oupers		
Case number Case 186850	.,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· .
. Case number.		· .	
Date convicted or committed: May 14,1996		·	
Date sentenced:		<u>: ::</u>	
Length of sentence: .25 years to life	· ·	·	
When do you expect to be released?			
Were you represented by counsel in the trial court? Yes. No. Santa Clara Public Defenders Office J.	. If yes, state the at J. Kapp	torney's name	and address:
/hat was the LAST plea you entered? (check one)		•	
Not guilty Nolo Contendere Other:			
you pleaded not guilty, what kind of trial did you have?			
Jury Judge without a jury Submitted on transcript Awa	alting trial	,	
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Supporting cases, rules,	or other authority:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			***************************************		
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5 [Rev. January 1, 1999]

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

WEST GROUP Official Publisher Page four of six

Did you appeal from the conviction, set ce, o a. Name of court ("Court of Appeal" or "Appella	or commitment?	Yes. No.	If yes, give the	following information:
b. Result:		c. Date	of decision:	
d. Case number or citation of opinion, if known			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
e. Issues raised: (1)		• • •		
(2)				
(3)				
f. Were you represented by counsel on appeal?				
Did you seek review in the California Supreme Co	ourt? Yes,	☐ No. If yes, give	the following info	rmation:
a. Result:	<u> </u>	b. Date o	f decision:	
c. Case number or citation of opinion, if known:				
d. Issues raised: (1)	·			
(2)				•
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explain why the claim was not made on appeal:				
If your petition concerns conditions of confineme administrative remedies may result in the denial 52 Cal.App.3d 500 [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].) Explain review:	l of your petition, even i	t it is otherwise meri	torious (See In m	Muszaleki /1075\
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			·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Did you seek the highest level of administrative		Yes. N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Attach documents that show you have exhauster [Rev. January 1, 1999] PETITION F	ed your administrative re FOR WRIT OF HABE		WEST GROUP	Page five of six

Filed 06/23/2008 Page 12 of 48

2. Other than direct appeal, have you filed other processing other processing commitment, or issue in any court? Yes. I	petitions, applications, or motions volf yes, continue with number 13.	with Nect to this conv	
3. a. (1) Name of court:			
(2) Nature of proceeding (for example, "habeas	corpus petition"):		
(3) Issues raisted: (a)			· \ . ·
(b)			
(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavalla			
(5) Date of decision:			
b. (1) Name of court:			
(2) Nature of proceeding:	•		
(3) Issues raised: (a)	•		
(b)			
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(5) Date of decision:			· .
c. For additional prior petitions, applications, or moti	ons, provide the same information	on a separate page.	• • • •
If any of the courts listed in number 13 held a hearing			and result:
		•	
Explain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grous 34 Cal.2d 300, 304.) Was advised by in	unds for relief and in raising the cla nstitutional records	lms in this petition. (See ; that I was r	∍ <i>in re Swain</i> (1949) not able to
earn good time work time cred	dits as promised as	a condition c	of my guilty
plea. Are you presently represented by counsel?	es. No. If yes, state the	attorney's name and ad	dress, if known:
_			• .
Do you have any petition, appeal, or other matter pend	ding In any court? Yes.	No. If yes, exp	lain:
this petition might lawfully have been made to a lowe	er court state the circumstances lui	rifulna on annii	th.l.
Tamer ingration in the property of the control of t		surying an application to	this court:
undersigned, say: I am the petitioner in this action. I oregoing allegations and statements are true and compare matters, I believe them to be true.	declare under penalty of perjury un ect, except as to matters that are s	der the laws of the Stat tated on my information	e of California that and bellef, and as
	Herman	ales Vici	501
Rev. January 1, 1999] PETITION FOR	R WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS	(SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER)	Page six of six

Victor Hernandez K-31695 P.V.S.P. Fac D-3-128-L P.O. Box 8504 Coalinga Ca 93210

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FILED

SEP 2 2 2006

SANTA CLARA SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

KIRI TORRE
Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara
By ______ Deputy
S. Chila

IN re Victor Hernandez

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
APPEAL FROM THE HONORABLE PAUL BERNAL JUDGE OF THE SANTA CLARA
SUPERIOR COURT.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Petitioner requests this Court please take Judicial Notice of the fact that the petitioner is requesting appointment of legal counsel because he is unable to read or write at a level to fully understand these proceedings. Petitioners exhibit A is a copy of his most recent tabe results which show his reading score is 3.6 and language score of 2.9.

On 5-10-06 petitioner sent a request to the inmate records office after a conversation with another inmate regarding time earning credits. The petitioner was sent a copy of a flyer that had been posted in the law library advising inmates of People V. Stofle 1996 45 Cal App 4th 417 advising inmates of zero credit ability.

No additional effort was made to contact inmates who could not

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6.

read or write and petitioner was never notified of any change in the law.

THE SUPERIOR COURT BASED ITS OPINION ON THE FACT PETITIONER HAD PREVIOUSLY FILED A PETITION FOR RELIEF.

The Superior Court reasoned that the petitioner had filed a petition for relief in March of 2004 and did not mention his claim now presented. The petitioner urges that he never filed the habeas petition and that it was somehow placed in the record. In addition it is not his hand writing nor did he authorize it.

The petitioner urges that his alleged 2004 habeas petition is of no interest to the matter before the court because there was no response to his formal request to the department of Corrections until 5-12-06. Petitioner could not have raised this claim because he was unaware of the change in the law.

The petitioner has asked this court to appoint counsel to represent him because it appears that someone is taking great advantage of the fact that he cannot read and write at a level to present his claims to the court. While petitioner has had some help in presenting this matter to the court because of need for a complete investigation he is requesting counsel be appointed. He has provided his most recen tabe scores to confirm that he is unable to understand the complex proceedings before the court.

I Victor Hernandez declare under the penalty of perjury that the information I have provided is true and correct.

Filed this day of 2006

Victor Hernandez

Victor Hermande

VICTOR ROGER H NANDEZ K-31659 P.V.S.P. Fac D-3-130-L P.O. Box 8504 Coalinga Ca 93210

SEP 2 2 2006

SANTA CLARA SUPERIOR COURT

KIRI TORRE Chief Executive Officer/Clerk ' prior:Court of CA County of Santa Clara

FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

S. Ohua

In re Victor Roger Hernandez on habeas corpus

PETITION FOR WRIT OF Habeas Corpus.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

INTRODUCTION.

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To; The Honorable Judge Presiding Judge.

TO: THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA.

Comes Now petitioner and defendant Victor Hernandez whom urges this court to grant an informal order to show cause on the grounds that his criminal sentence is in violation of clearly established State and Federal law.

The petitioner urges that he was induced to take a guilty plea with knowingly false and incorrect information provided by his trial counsel and the Judge and prosecutor. The prosecution intentionally remained silent when the Judge as a condition of petitioner's guilty plea was advised that he would only have to serve twenty years and would be eligible for good time and work time credits.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On May 14,1996 the petitioner was sentenced to a California prison term of twenty five years to life under the Three Strikes law and the court went through a series of advisments to petitioner.

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(SEE EXHIBIT "A" SENTENCING TRANS P-13 L-18-28)

THE COURT;

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WELL YOU"RE ENTITLED TO CREDIT FOR TIME SERVED HERE SINCE YOU WERE ARRESTED ACCORDING TO THE LAW AND YOU WILL BE ELIGIBLE POSSIBILTY DEPENDING ON WHERE YOU ARE HOUSED IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR GOOD TIME AND WORK TIME CREDITS. But because of the Three Strikes law you don't GET FIFTY PERCENT OFF YOU ONLY GET TWENTY PERCENT OFF. Do you understand?

Defendant: Yes

THE COURT:

THE COURT CAN'T PROMISE WHERE YOU ARE GOING TO BE HOUSED UP THERE AND IF YOU REFUSE TO WORK OR FOLLOW THE RULES THEN THE'll take that away and you'll do the entire amount. Do YOU UNDERSTAND.

DEFENDANT Yes

The petitioner urges that he would not have entered a plea of guilty if he was not going to get five years off for good time work time credits. All state prisoner's are afforded the oppertunity to earn work time credits. The petitioner urges that the totality In all of the courts VOIR DIRE advisements that make the good time credits part of the contract.

ARGUMENT

CRIMINAL LAW 159:

While no bargain or agreement can divest the court of its sentencing discretion it inherently possesses, a Judge who has accepted a plea bargain, is bound to impose a sentence within the limits of the bargain. A plea bargain agreement is in sum and essence a contract between the defendant and the prosecutor to which the court consents to be bound. Should the court consider the plea bargain to be unacceptable its remedy is to reject it not violate it directly or indirectly.

Clearly the prosecutor was aware of the law at the time of the

Sentencing hearing and could have objected to the court making the ability to earn twenty percent work and conduct credits an element of the plea agreement.

The petitioner contends that the United States Constitution insures that Boykin/Tahl rights holds convictions based on a plea of guilty must also be supported by a record of the plea that contains evidence that accused was advised of the right to a jury trial, to confront witnesses, and against self incrimination and that a knowingly and intelligent waiver of those rights. The record must also show that the defendant knew both the nature of the charge and and the consequences of entering a plea of guilty.Boykin V. Alabama (1969) 395 U.S 238 23 L Ed.; In re Tahl(1969) 1 C3d 122,132 81 CR 577,581; People V. Sumstine(1984).

As in People V. Bonwit 219 Cal Rptr 297 stated one of the many representations made to the petitioner was the courts own improper and illusory idea that any California State prison could give out twenty percent good time work time credits. See also People V DeVaughn 135 Cal Rptr 786 holding power beyond the authority of the trial court improperly induced petitioner's guilty plea. Guilty plea must be reversed because defendants were induced by misrepresentations.

A defendant sentenced with two or more prior strikes receives no good time work time credits. (See In re Cervera (2001) 24 (4th) 1073,103 CR2d 762.

Petitioner urges that he would not have taken a plea and would have went to trial had he been aware that he would have to serve 25 years before the parole board could even consider him for parole.

A review of the law makes it clear that a defendant serving a

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prison sentence under the California Three Strikes Law for his third strike has been deemed not to be lawfully authorized to earn good time work time credits.

The petitioner has worked on a prison job in a good time earning capacity for the last ten years. (See Exhibit "B" petitioner's declaration.

PETITIONER IS UNABLE TO PRESENT DEFENSE WITNESSES FOR A NEW TRIAL AND IS PLACED AT A DISADVANTAGE

The petitioner urges that he is now placed at a disadvantage because the prosecutor and his trial counsel allowed the trial court to improperly advise the petitioner of conditions of his contract guilty plea which were clearly illusory.

The petitioner contends that this Constitutional error was the cause of the State of claimed misrepresentation made to the petitioner

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

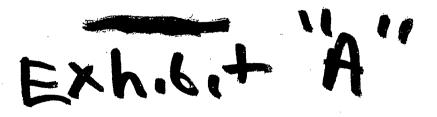
Petitioner prays the court grant his petition for writ of
Habeas Corpus on the grounds that the trial court mislead and advised
the petitioner of time credits which he was not entitled to obtain
as a condition of his contract agreement with the court.

Petitioner urges he would not have gave up his right to self incrimination if he had known that he could not earn good time work time credits.

Victor Roger Hernandez

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 1 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA 2 BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM F. MARTIN, JUDGE 3 DEPARTMENT 3 ---000---5 6 7 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, PLAINTIFF, 8 VS. 9 CASE NO. 186850 VICTOR ROGER HERNANDEZ, 10 DEFENDANT. CHANGE OF PLEA 11 ---000---12 13 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 14 HELD ON MAY 14, 1996 15 16 17 18 19 20 APPEARANCES: 21 GEORGE CHADWICK, D.D.A. FOR THE PEOPLE: 22 J.J. KAPP, D.P.D. FOR THE DEFENDANT: 23 LEANNA JANE LANE, C.S.R. 24 REPORTED BY: CERTIFICATE NO. 3337 25 26 27 28

SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

MAY 14, 1996

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PROCEEDINGS:

THE COURT: THIS IS THE CASE OF PEOPLE VERSUS

VICTOR HERNANDEZ WHO I RECOGNIZE. HE'S HERE DRESSED OUT, IN

CUSTODY, REPRESENTED BY?

MR. KAPP: J.J. KAPP, YOUR HONOR.

MR. CHADWICK: GEORGE CHADWICK ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE.

(WHEREUPON DISCUSSION WAS HAD, NOT TRANSCRIBED.)

THE COURT: MR. HERNANDEZ, IF YOU WANT TO SETTLE
THE CASE, MY UNDERSTANDING FROM MR. CHADWICK IS THAT HE IS
OFFERING TO DISMISS THE ROBBERY AND THE PETTY THEFT WITH A
PRIOR CHARGE, COUNTS 1 AND 2, IF YOU PLEAD EITHER GUILTY OR
NO CONTEST TO COUNT 3 WHICH IS THE POSSESSION OF PCP CHARGE
AND COUNT 4, THE MISDEMEANOR, UNDER THE INFLUENCE CHARGE AND
ADMIT THE STRIKES THAT ARE CHARGED HERE AND THE SERIOUS
FELONY PRIORS, TOO --

MR. CHADWICK: NO.

THE COURT: THEY DON'T HAVE ANY AFFECT HERE?

MR. CHADWICK: CORRECT, YOUR HONOR. PEOPLE WOULD DISMISS THOSE. PEOPLE WOULD ASK MR. HERNANDEZ TO ADMIT ALL OF THE PRISON PRIORS AND LEAVE IT TO THE COURT'S DISCRETION AS TO WHETHER TO IMPOSE THEM. THE ONLY -- ALL THE PEOPLE INTEND TO DO IS DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2 IF MR. HERNANDEZ ADMITS THE REST OF THE INFORMATION THAT APPLIES TO THIS CASE.

THE COURT: SO THEY ARE OFFERING TO DISMISS COUNTS

1 AND 2 IF YOU PLEAD EITHER GUILTY OR NO CONTEST TO COUNTS 3 1 2 AND 4 AND ADMIT ALL THE OTHER ALLEGATIONS THAT ARE CHARGED HERE. AND THE OTHER ALLEGATIONS AND THE MOST IMPORTANT ONES 3 4 ARE THEY HAVE TWO STRIKES CHARGED WHICH WOULD BE REQUIRE TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE RIGHT THERE SIMPLY BECAUSE OF THE 5 FELONY POSSESSION CHARGE AND THEN THEY'VE GOT SOME SERIOUS 6 FELONY CHARGES HERE WHICH, IF YOU GOT CONVICTED OF THE 7 ROBBERY WOULD, ADD FIVE YEARS FOR EACH ONE OF THOSE. BUT 8 BECAUSE THE ROBBERY IS GETTING DISMISSED THEY DO NOT APPLY 9 10 EVEN THOUGH YOU'RE ADMITTING THEM. THEN YOU HAVE WHAT LOOKS LIKE FOUR PRISON PRIORS 11 CHARGED HERE. DOES THAT SOUND RIGHT TO YOU? 12 13 MR. CHADWICK: YES. 14 MR. KAPP: YES. 15 THE COURT: THEY'RE ASKING YOU TO ADMIT THOSE AND 16 IN THEORY I COULD GIVE YOU ONE YEAR FOR EACH OF THOSE OR AN ADDITIONAL FOUR YEARS ON TOP OF THE TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO 17 LIFE AT THE TIME OF SENTENCING IF I THOUGHT IT WAS 18 19 APPROPRIATE. MR. CHADWICK: YOUR HONOR, PEOPLE MOVE TO STRIKE 20 21 WILL MOVE TO STRIKE THE FIRST PRISON PRIOR UNDER THE PEOPLE VERSUS JONES CASE. I'M NOT CONVINCED AT THIS TIME THAT 22 THAT'S AN APPROPRIATE DUEL USE OF A PRISON PRIOR. SO WE 23 WOULD ONLY ASK HIM TO ADMIT THE LAST THREE. 24 25 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SO IN ESSENCE, YOU ARE

FACING AT LEAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE, POSSIBLY

REPORT AND DISCUSSIONS WE HAVE AT THE TIME OF YOUR

TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS TO LIFE DEPENDING ON YOUR PROBATION

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SENTENCING.

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DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT PROMISE TO YOU? YOU HAVE TO ANSWER OUT LOUD.

THE DEFENDANT: I DO.

THE COURT: MY QUESTION TO YOU IS: HAS ANYONE PROMISED ANYTHING ELSE BESIDES THAT TO YOU?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

MR. KAPP: YOUR HONOR, CAN I STOP A MINUTE?

THE COURT: YES.

MR. KAPP: WOULD IT BE ACCURATE TO SAY THAT THE COURT HAS INDICATED THAT AT LEAST PRELIMINARILY THAT IF MR. HERNANDEZ IS CONVICTED OF THE POSSESSION, HAVING ADMITTED THE TWO STRIKE PRIORS AND THE THREE PRISON PRIORS, THAT THE COURT WOULD BE INCLINED TO IMPOSE THE MANDATORY SENTENCE OF TWENTY-FIVE TO LIFE, WOULD THAT BE --

THE COURT: I THINK THAT'S WHERE I WOULD BE STARTING.

MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE ARE NOT GOING TO ASK THE COURT TO IMPOSE THE THREE, ANY OF THE THREE PRISON PRIORS.

I HAVE TO ADVISE YOU TECHNICALLY THAT THE COURT: YOU'RE EXPOSED TO THOSE THREE PRIORS BECAUSE THEY WANT YOU TO ADMIT THEM HERE. BUT IN MY FEELING ABOUT THIS CASE AND YOUR HISTORY, I THINK TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE IS SATISFACTORY UNLESS THERE'S SOMETHING IN YOUR PROBATION REPORT THAT COMES UP THAT WE DON'T KNOW ABOUT RIGHT NOW. DO

YOU UNDERSTAND ALL THAT, MR. HERNANDEZ?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: SO, THE FIRST QUESTION AGAIN IS: HAS

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ANYONE PROMISED YOU ANYTHING ELSE OTHER THAN THAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IS GOING TO DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2, THE ROBBERY AND THE PETTY THEFT WITH A PRIOR, AND THEY'RE ALSO GOING TO DISMISS THE FIRST OF THE PRISON PRIORS IF YOU PLEAD GUILTY OR NO CONTEST TO COUNTS 3 AND 4, POSSESSION OF PCP AND THE MISDEMEANOR, UNDER THE INFLUENCE, AND ADMIT ALL THE STRIKES AND ALL THE OTHER PRISON PRIORS AND SERIOUS FELONIES THAT ARE ALLEGED; IS THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: NOBODY HAS PROMISED YOU ANYTHING ELSE BESIDES THAT, IS THAT CORRECT?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

THE COURT: IS THAT CORRECT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: HAS ANYONE THREATENED YOU OR ANYONE CLOSE TO YOU TO MAKE YOU CHANGE YOUR PLEA HERE AND SETTLE THE CASE?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

THE COURT: ARE YOU SETTLING THE CASE THEN OF YOUR

20 OWN FREE WILL?

21 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

22 THE COURT: YOU'RE IN JAIL NOW, IS THAT RIGHT,

23 | SIR?

24 THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

25 THE COURT: AND WHERE ARE YOU HOUSED?

THE DEFENDANT: 7-B.

27 THE COURT: HAVE YOU TAKEN ANY DRUGS, MEDICINE,

28 NARCOTICS OR ALCOHOL IN THE LAST TWO DAYS?

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THE DEFENDANT: YES, I HAVE. THE COURT: WHAT HAVE YOU TAKEN? 2 THE DEFENDANT: THORAZINE. 3 THE COURT: ARE YOU ALSO USING INSULIN? 4 THE DEFENDANT: YES. 5 THE COURT: AND HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN TAKING 6 THORAZINE? 7 THE DEFENDANT: FOR ABOUT TWO, THREE DAYS ALREADY. THE COURT: SAY THAT AGAIN? 9 THE DEFENDANT: TWO, THREE DAYS. 10 THE COURT: YES? 11 12 THE DEFENDANT: YES. THE COURT: AND IS THAT WITH A DOCTOR'S ORDERS? 13 THE DEFENDANT: YES. 14 THE COURT: WHY ARE YOU TAKING THE THORAZINE? 15 THE DEFENDANT: I'M HEARING VOICES AT NIGHT. 16 THE COURT: DOES THE THORAZINE HELP YOU IN REGARD 17 TO THE VOICES? 18 THE DEFENDANT: NO. 19 THE COURT: DOES THE THORAZINE MAKE IT DIFFICULT 20 FOR YOU TO THINK AND UNDERSTAND? 21 THE DEFENDANT: NO, IT'S FOR ME TO JUST RELAX ME 22 AND MAKE ME FALL ASLEEP. 23 THE COURT: IS THE THORAZINE AFFECTING YOUR 24 ABILITY TO UNDERSTAND WHAT I'M SAYING HERE TODAY? 25 THE DEFENDANT: NO. 26 THE COURT: YOU'RE UNDERSTANDING EVERYTHING I SAY? 27 THE DEFENDANT: YES. 28

1	THE COURT: IF I SAY OR IF ANYBODY SAYS ANYTHING
2	THAT YOU DON'T UNDERSTAND, WILL YOU PROMISE TO RAISE YOUR
. 3	HAND AND ASK A QUESTION?
.4	THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.
5.	THE COURT: ARE YOU THINKING CLEARLY THEN HERE
6	TODAY?
7	THE DEFENDANT: YES.
8	THE COURT: HOW LONG HAS MR. KAPP BEEN YOUR LAWYER
9	ROUGHLY, HOW MANY MONTHS?
10	THE DEFENDANT: ABOUT NINE AND A HALF.
11	THE COURT: BASICALLY, PRETTY MUCH MAYBE WITHIN A
12	MONTH OR SO AFTER YOU GOT ARRESTED, WAS HE YOUR LAWYER?
13	THE DEFENDANT: NO.
14	THE COURT: YOU GOT ARRESTED DID YOU GET
15	ARRESTED IN AUGUST OF LAST YEAR?
16	THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.
17	THE COURT: MR. KAPP, WHEN DID YOU FIRST COME INTO
18	THE PICTURE IN THIS CASE?
19	MR. KAPP: SEPTEMBER 12TH IT LOOKS LIKE.
20	THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SO ABOUT A MONTH AFTER YOU
21	GOT ARRESTED MR. KAPP GOT APPOINTED TO THE CASE. IS THAT
22	RIGHT?
23	THE DEFENDANT: YES.
24	THE COURT: AND HAS HE TALKED TO YOU BEFORE TODAY,
25	HAS MR. KAPP GONE OVER AND TALKED TO YOU BEFORE TODAY?
26	THE DEFENDANT: YEAH.
27	THE COURT: HAS HE TAKEN THE TIME TO EXPLAIN TO
28	YOU WHAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY HAS TO PROVE IN ORDER TO



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CONVICT YOU OF THE CHARGED CRIMES IN THE INFORMATION, HAS HE 1 GONE OVER THOSE THINGS WITH YOU? THE DEFENDANT: YES. 3 THE COURT: HAS HE ALSO GONE OVER ANY DEFENSES YOU MIGHT HAVE, ESPECIALLY TO SOME OF THE CHARGES AT LEAST? 5 THE DEFENDANT: YES. 6 THE COURT: AND HAS HE ALSO EXPLAINED TO YOU YOUR STATUTORY AND YOUR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, HAS HE GONE OVER 8 THOSE WITH YOU? 9 THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR. 10 THE COURT: ARE YOU SATISFIED WITH MR. KAPP'S 11 LEGAL ADVICE? 12 THE DEFENDANT: YES. 13 THE COURT: MR. KAPP, DO YOU UNDER THE 14 CIRCUMSTANCES CONCUR WITH THE RESOLUTION OF THE CASE IN THIS 15 FASHION? 16 MR. KAPP: I DO, YOUR HONOR. BECAUSE AFTER 17. ADVISING MR. HERNANDEZ OF ALL THE POSSIBILITIES THAT I SAW 18 AND THE OPTIONS THAT HE HAD, IT IS HIS DECISION THAT HE 19 WANTS TO DO THIS. AND FOR THAT REASON IT'S NOT BECAUSE I 20 AGREE WITH THE LAW THAT'S APPLIED AND IT'S NOT BECAUSE I 21 THINK THAT TWENTY-FIVE TO LIFE IS A FAIR SENTENCE. 22 THE COURT: BUT CONSIDERING THE OTHER ALTERNATIVES 23 24

IF HE WERE TO GET CONVICTED AFTER TRIAL -- I THINK SOMEBODY SAID SIXTY YEARS TO LIFE, SOMETHING REALLY OUTRAGEOUS, TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE IS SOMETHING THAT YOU THINK IS A

BETTER OPTION FOR HIM AT THIS TIME.

MR. KAPP: WELL, I THINK THAT HE IS PERFECTLY ABLE

TO DECIDE IF THAT'S THE BETTER OPTION AND I RESPECT HIS DECISION TO DO THAT.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. ARE YOU RECOMMENDING THAT HE NOT SETTLE THE CASE?

MR. KAPP: I'M NOT. I'M NOT RECOMMENDING THAT HE NOT SETTLE THE CASE AND I'VE SIMPLY LAID OUT THE OPTIONS. I TOLD HIM TO GO BACK OVER THE NOON HOUR AND THINK ABOUT IT AND THIS IS THE DECISION HE'S MADE AND SO --

THE COURT: AND YOU RESPECT THAT.

MR. KAPP: I RESPECT IT AND IN THAT SENSE I CONCUR.

THE COURT: VERY WELL.

MR. HERNANDEZ, THIS DOES NOT APPLY TO YOU BUT I'M REQUIRED BY LAW TO SAY THIS. IF YOU ARE NOT A CITIZEN, CONVICTION OF A FELONY CAN RESULT IN DEPORTATION, DENIAL OF NATURALIZATION OR REFUSAL OF RE-ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES. THAT DOES NOT APPLY IF YOU ARE A CITIZEN. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YEAH.

THE COURT: AND I AM ALSO REQUIRED TO TELL YOU THE MAXIMUM PUNISHMENT YOU COULD RECEIVE UNDER THIS SETTLEMENT.

YOU MUST RECEIVE TWENTY-FIVE YEARS TO LIFE BECAUSE OF THE TWO STRIKES THAT YOU WILL BE ADMITTING HERE TODAY AFTER THE CONVICTION OF THE FELONY POSSESSION CHARGE AND YOU COULD RECEIVE AN ADDITIONAL THREE YEARS FOR ONE -- FOR EACH OF THE THREE PRISON PRIORS THAT YOU WILL BE ADMITTING FOR A MAXIMUM OF UP TO TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS TO LIFE. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THE THEORETICAL MAXIMUM?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR. 1 THE COURT: UNDERSTAND THE MINIMUM OF TWENTY-FIVE 2 YEARS TO LIFE? 3 THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR. 4 THE COURT: I'M FORGETTING HOW LONG YOU WOULD BE 5 ON PAROLE ON A LIFE SENTENCE. IS IT FIVE YEARS? ANYBODY . 6 7 KNOW? THE DEFENDANT: I DON'T KNOW. 8 MR. CHADWICK: MAXIMUM FIVE YEARS FOR LIFE CRIMES. 9 CAN BE EXTENDED TO SEVEN. LIFE PAROLE FOR MURDER IS WHAT IT 10 SAYS HERE. 11 MR. KAPP: I BELIEVE THAT THAT'S CORRECT. 12 THE COURT: YOU CAM BE PLACED ON PAROLE ONCE YOU 13 GET OUT OF PRISON FOR UP TO FIVE YEARS. IF YOU VIOLATE THE 14 RULES OF PAROLE, THEY CAN HAVE A HEARING AND RETURN YOU TO 15 PRISON FOR UP TO ONE YEAR FOR EACH VIOLATION OF PAROLE --16 AND YOU ALREADY KNOW THAT BECAUSE YOU'VE BEEN ON PAROLE 17 BEFORE -- AND EXTEND YOUR PAROLE SUPERVISION UP TO SEVEN 18 YEARS MAXIMUM BECAUSE THIS IS A TWENTY-FIVE TO LIFE CASE. 19 20 DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT? THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR. 21 THE COURT: THERE'S A TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLAR 22 MAXIMUM FINE, THERE'S A TWO HUNDRED DOLLAR MINIMUM FINE THAT 23 I MUST IMPOSE EVEN THOUGH YOU'RE GOING TO PRISON. DO YOU 24 UNDERSTAND THAT? 25 26

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

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THE COURT: I BELIEVE UNDER 11377 YOU ARE REQUIRED TO REGISTER AS A NARCOTICS OFFENDER. FAILURE TO DO THAT

WOULD BE A NEW CRIME AND THEY COULD PROSECUTE YOU FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER AS A NARCOTICS OFFENDER ONCE YOU GET OUT OF PRISON. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

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THE COURT: THERE IS AN A NINETY DAY MINIMUM ON THE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF PCP CHARGE WHICH IS THE LEAST OF YOUR PROBLEMS BUT YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: YOU WILL HAVE, OF COURSE, ANOTHER FELONY CONVICTION ON YOUR RECORD -- YOU'VE GOT A LOT OF THEM ALREADY -- AND YOU WILL HAVE ANOTHER PRISON PRIOR ON YOUR RECORD AND YOU'VE GOT A FEW OF THOSE ALREADY AS A RESULT OF SETTLING THE CASE HERE TODAY. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE COURT: DID YOU WANT TO PLEAD GUILTY OR NO CONTEST HERE TODAY?

THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: WHEN YOU PLEAD GUILTY TO THE TWO CHARGES, COUNTS 3 AND 4, AND ALSO WHEN YOU ADMIT THE STRIKES ARE TRUE AND VALID AND WHEN YOU ADMIT THE PRISON PRIORS ARE TRUE AND VALID, THE THREE OF THEM THAT YOU'RE GOING TO ADMIT, WHEN YOU DO ALL THOSE THINGS YOU'LL BE GIVING UP IMPORTANT RIGHTS. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: THE FIRST RIGHT I WANT TO GO OVER IS YOUR RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT ON THE CHARGES AND ON THE PRIORS AND ON THE STRIKES TO HAVE A JURY TRIAL. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

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THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: AND YOU GIVE IT UP SO YOU CAN SETTLE
THE CASE, PLEAD GUILTY AND ADMIT THE STRIKES AND THE PRIORS?

THE COURT: NOW, IF YOU DIDN'T WANT TO HAVE A JURY TRIAL YOU COULD HAVE A JUDGE OR A COURT TRIAL WITHOUT A JURY AND IF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY GAVE UP THEIR RIGHT TO A JURY TRAIL YOU WOULD HAVE A RIGHT TO A COURT TRIAL. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: DO YOU GIVE IT UP ALSO SO YOU CAN PLEAD GUILTY AND ADMIT THE STRIKES AND THE PRIORS?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REMAIN SILENT.

IF YOU SAY THE WORD GUILTY, YOU ADMIT THE STRIKES ARE TRUE,

IF YOU ADMIT THE PRISON PRIORS ARE TRUE, YOU ARE CONVICTING

YOURSELF, YOU'RE INCRIMINATING YOURSELF AND YOU'RE GIVING UP

THAT RIGHT. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

THE COURT: DO YOU GIVE IT UP SO WE CAN SETTLE THE CASE?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CONFRONT AND CROSS-EXAMINE THE WITNESSES AND THE EVIDENCE AGAINST YOU.

THAT MEANS YOU COULD SIT THERE AND SEE THE WITNESSES, LISTEN TO THEM TESTIFY AND HAVE YOUR LAWYER ASK THEM QUESTIONS UNDER OATH ABOUT WHAT THEY SAY YOU DID WRONG. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT RIGHT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES. THE COURT: AND DO YOU GIVE UP THAT RIGHT? THE DEFENDANT: YES. THE COURT: AND FINALLY, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO DEFEND YOURSELF. THAT MEANS YOU COULD TESTIFY AND TELL US YOUR SIDE AND YOU COULD SUBPOENA UNDER COURT ORDER WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE INTO COURT TO TESTIFY FOR YOUR SIDE. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT RIGHT? THE DEFENDANT: YES. THE COURT: AND DO YOU GIVE IT UP SO WE CAN SETTLE THE CASE? THE DEFENDANT: YES. THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK, DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER ADDITIONAL SUGGESTED VOIR DIRE, SIR? MR. CHADWICK: SOME COURTS DON'T LIKE THIS THE COURT: WELL, YOU'RE ENTITLED TO CREDIT FOR

QUESTION AT THIS STAGE BUT I ASK THAT HE BE ADVISED OF CREDITS.

TIME SERVED HERE SINCE YOU WERE ARRESTED, ACCORDING TO THE LAW, AND YOU WILL BE ELIGIBLE POSSIBLY, DEPENDING ON WHERE YOU'RE HOUSED IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, FOR GOOD TIME AND WORK TIME CREDIT. BUT BECAUSE OF THE THREE STRIKES LAW, YOU DON'T GET FIFTY PERCENT OFF, YOU ONLY GET TWENTY PERCENT OFF. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

> THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: WE CAN'T PROMISE WHERE YOU'RE GOING TO BE HOUSED UP THERE, AND IF YOU REFUSE TO WORK OR FOLLOW THE RULES, THEN THEY'LL TAKE THAT AWAY AND YOU'LL DO THE ENTIRE



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AMOUNT. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

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THE DEFENDANT: YES.

MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE ARE NOT ASKING FOR
RESTITUTION TO THE VICTIM BECAUSE I DON'T THINK SHE SUFFERED
ANY ECONOMIC LOSSES.

THE COURT: WELL, IN THE PRELIM TRANSCRIPT SHE GOT
A ONE-INCH GASH OUT OF THIS THING.

MR. CHADWICK: I DON'T HAVE ANY EVIDENCE WITH ME THAT WE COULD REDUCE TO A DOLLAR FIGURE THAT SHE RECEIVE MEDICAL TREATMENT.

THE COURT: JUST TO BE SAFE, EVEN THOUGH YOU'RE
GOING TO PRISON, IT'S POSSIBLE, IN FACT IT'S LIKELY THAT I
WILL ORDER YOU TO PAY RESTITUTION TO THE VICTIM FOR ANY
DAMAGE, LOSS OR HARM THAT YOU CAUSED HERE AS A RESULT OF
THIS EVEN THOUGH YOU WERE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF PCP AT THIS
TIME. IT'S YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.

SHE MAY NOT NEED ANY COMPENSATION BECAUSE YOU
DIDN'T GET AWAY WITH THE PROPERTY AND SHE MAY HAVE ONLY HAD
A MINOR INJURY THAT DOESN'T REQUIRE ANY MEDICAL TREATMENT OR
COMPENSATION OR SHE MAY NEED COUNSELING AS A RESULT OF THIS
AND I MAY ORDER RESTITUTION. BUT THE IMPORTANT THING IS IF
YOU DISAGREE WITH THE AMOUNT THAT'S SPECIFIED BY THE
AUTHORITIES THAT YOU OWE ON RESTITUTION, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT
TO A COURT HEARING ON HOW MUCH YOU WOULD HAVE TO PAY. SO IF
THEY'RE ASKING FOR A MILLION DOLLARS YOU CAN COME IN AND SAY
I WANT A COURT HEARING ON THAT. DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

THE COURT: MR. KAPP, DO YOU HAVE ANYTHING FOR THE

RECORD THAT YOU WOULD LIKE TO ADD, SIR?

MR. KAPP: NO THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. MR. HERNANDEZ, DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OF ANYONE HERE ABOUT YOUR RIGHTS OR ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SIR. THEN WITH ALL THE MAXIMUMS AND THE MINIMUMS AND ALL YOUR RIGHTS IN MIND, WHAT IS YOUR PLEA TO THE FELONY CHARGE IN COUNT 3, ON OR ABOUT AUGUST THE 13TH OF LAST YEAR, 1995, THAT YOU POSSESSED PCP, IT'S A FELONY, VIOLATION OF HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTION 11377(A) AS CHARGED IN THE INFORMATION, GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY?

THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

THE COURT: AND TO COUNT 4, MISDEMEANOR CHARGE,

11550 OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF

PCP AS CHARGED IN THE INFORMATION ON THE SAME DATE?

THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

THE COURT: IT'S FURTHER ALLEGED THAT PRIOR TO THE COMMISSION OF THE FELONY IN COUNT 3 THAT YOU SUFFERED A STRIKE PRIOR CONVICTION, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1170.12 AND 667(B) THROUGH (I) AND IT WAS FOR BURGLARY OF AN INHABITED DWELLING HOUSE. AND THE DOCKET OUT OF THIS COUNTY IS 82270. IS THAT STRIKE CONVICTION AS ALLEGED IN THE INFORMATION IN THOSE TWO DIFFERENT WAYS TRUE AND VALID?

THE DEFENDANT: TRUE.

THE COURT: IT'S FURTHER ALLEGED THAT YOU SUFFERED ANOTHER STRIKE AND THAT WAS THE ONE THAT WAS TWENTY YEARS

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AGO IN 1975, THAT YOU SUFFERED ANOTHER STRIKE CONVICTION. WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1170.12 OF THE PENAL CODE AND 667(B) THROUGH (I) OF THE PENAL CODE, AND THAT IS ALSO FOR BURGLARY OF AN INHABITED DWELLING HOUSE AND THE DOCKET OUT OF THIS COUNTY ON THAT CASE IS 61347. APPARENTLY THAT'S THE ONE THAT HAPPENED IN ABOUT 1986 OR SO. IS THAT STRIKE PRIOR TRUE AND VALID AS ALLEGED IN THE INFORMATION? MR. CHADWICK: EXCUSE ME, YOUR HONOR, 1975, THE FIRST ONE. WE'VE CHARGED THEM IN REVERSE CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER. THE COURT: OKAY. THE FIRST ONE YOU ADMITTED WAS 1982. MR. KAPP: '82. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. AND YOU ADMIT THAT THE FIRST CHARGED STRIKE PRIOR IS TRUE AND VALID 82270, IS THAT RIGHT, SIR? THE DEFENDANT: YES. THE COURT: THE SECOND ONE CHARGED IS THE OLDER OF THE TWO AND THAT IS THE ONE THAT'S TWENTY YEARS OLD AND THAT DOCKET IS 61347. THAT ALSO WAS BURGLARY OF AN INHABITED DWELLING HOUSE, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1170.12 AND 667(B) THROUGH (I) AS ALLEGED HERE IN THE INFORMATION. IS THAT STRIKE PRIOR TRUE AND VALID? THE DEFENDANT: TRUE. THE COURT: OKAY. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY IS ALSO ASKING THAT YOU ADMIT TWO SERIOUS FELONY PRIORS EVEN THOUGH THEY HAVE NO LEGAL EFFECT HERE. MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE MOVE TO STRIKE THOSE AT THIS

TIME.

THE COURT: TAKE THAT MOTION UNDER SUBMISSION.

PEOPLE HAVE A MOTION TO STRIKE THE FIRST CHARGED

4 PRISON PRIOR. I'LL TAKE THAT UNDER SUBMISSION.

MR. CHADWICK: YES, YOUR HONOR.

MR. CHADWICK: UNDER PEOPLE VERSUS JONES.

THE COURT: OKAY. SO MR. HERNANDEZ, WE ARE DOWN NOW TO THE THREE REMAINING PRISON PRIORS.

PRIOR FOR ESCAPE, 4530(B), WITHIN THE MEANING OF 667.5(B) OF THE PENAL CODE AND THAT'S ON DOCKET 87364. I GUESS THAT WAS WHERE YOU FAILED TO RETURN TO A HALFWAY HOUSE OR WORK FURLOUGH FACILITY IN STATE PRISON. IS THAT PRISON PRIOR AS CHARGED IN THE INFORMATION TRUE AND VALID?

THE DEFENDANT: TRUE.

THE COURT: IT'S NEXT CHARGED THAT YOU SUFFERED ANOTHER PRISON PRIOR FOR POSSESSION FOR SALE -- EXCUSE

ME -- SALES OF LSD. THE DOCKET IS 109366 AND THAT IS

CHARGED WITHIN THE MEANING OF 667.5(B) OF THE PENAL CODE.

IS THAT PRISON PRIOR ALSO TRUE AND VALID?

THE DEFENDANT: TRUE.

THE COURT: FINALLY, IT'S ALLEGED THAT YOU HAVE

ANOTHER PRISON PRIOR, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 667.5(B) OUT OF

STANISLAUS COUNTY FOR BURGLARY, DOCKET 270104, AND

APPARENTLY THAT'S THE LAST OF YOUR PRISON PRIORS. IS THAT

PRISON PRIOR TRUE AND VALID, SIR? MR. HERNANDEZ, IS THAT

PRISON PRIOR TRUE AND VALID? THAT CONVICTION WAS IN

STANISLAUS COUNTY FOR BURGLARY AS CHARGED?

THE DEFENDANT: YES.

MR. CHADWICK: YOUR HONOR, PEOPLE ARE MOVING -- TOO
THE EXTENT IT'S NOT ALREADY CLEAR ON THE RECORD, PEOPLE ARE
MOVING TO DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2. THE REASONS ARE IN THE
INTERESTS OF JUSTICE. BECAUSE OF ALL THE REASONS STATED IN
MR. KAPP'S REQUEST FOR DISMISSAL OF THE PRIOR UNDER SECTION
1385 AND BECAUSE OF MR. HERNANDEZ' CHANGE OF PLEA TO COUNTS
3 AND 4, PEOPLE BELIEVE THAT THE LESSER SENTENCE FROM COUNTS
3 AND 4 IS MORE APPROPRIATE IN THIS CASE THAN ALL FOUR
COUNTS IN THIS PRETRIAL STAGE RIGHT HERE. SO BECAUSE OF THE
RELATIVE LACK OF VIOLENCE AND THE HISTORY AND OTHER REASONS
STATED, PEOPLE MOVE TO DISMISS COUNTS 1 AND 2.

THE COURT: YOU'RE ASKING ME AT THE TIME OF
SENTENCING TO DISMISS THE ROBBERY AND THE PETTY THEFT WITH A
PRIOR BECAUSE HE'S ENTERED PLEAS HERE TO THE REMAINING
CHARGES AND ADMITTED THREE OF THE PRISON PRIORS AND HE'S
ADMITTED BOTH STRIKES.

MR. CHADWICK: YES, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: THAT'S IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE AND FOR THE REASONS STATED BY MR. KAPP WHEN HE WAS ASKING ME TO EITHER REDUCE THE CASE OR TO STRIKE ONE OF THE STRIKES?

MR. CHADWICK: YES, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. I'LL TAKE THAT MOTION UNDER SUBMISSION 'TIL THE DATE OF SENTENCING AS TO MR. HERNANDEZ.

NOW, MR. HERNANDEZ, DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OF ANYONE HERE, INCLUDING YOUR LAWYER, AS TO THE SETTLEMENT OF THE CASE, TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SETTLEMENT OR ANY OF

YOUR RIGHTS? DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS?

THE DEFENDANT: NO.

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THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. I WILL THEN FIND THAT YOUR PLEA IS FREE AND VOLUNTARY, KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT, AND I WILL ASK COUNSEL IF THEY STIPULATE THAT I CAN FIND A FACTUAL BASIS TO SUPPORT THE PLEA AND THE ADMISSIONS -- LET ME GO BACK.

I'LL FIND THAT BOTH YOUR PLEAS AND YOUR ADMISSIONS

ARE FREE AND VOLUNTARY, KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT, AND I'LL

ASK COUNSEL IF THERE'S A STIPULATION THAT THERE'S A FACTUAL

BASIS TO SUPPORT THE PLEAS AND ADMISSIONS IN THE OFFENSE

REPORTS, PRELIM TRANSCRIPT AND COURT RECORDS FROM THIS

COUNTY AND STANISLAUS COUNTY; MR. KAPP?

MR. KAPP: SO STIPULATED.

THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK?

MR. CHADWICK: SO STIPULATED.

THE COURT: I'LL FIND A FACTUAL BASIS BASED ON THAT STIPULATION AND ON THE COURT RECORDS, TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE COURT RECORDS.

I WILL ORDER A FULL REPORT IN THIS CASE FULL PROBATION REPORT. THEY'LL INTERVIEW YOU AND GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO TELL US YOUR SIDE OF IT, MR. HERNANDEZ, IN MORE DETAIL. I REALLY HAVEN'T TALKED WITH YOU DIRECTLY ABOUT WHAT WAS GOING ON AT THAT TIME BACK IN AUGUST OF LAST YEAR, I WOULD CERTAINLY LIKE TO HEAR YOUR SIDE OF IT, TO BE HONEST.

I'M WONDERING, MR. KAPP, DOES HE WANT TO WAIVE TIME FOR SENTENCING OR NOT?

MR. KAPP: TIME IS WAIVED FOR SENTENCING, YOUR 1 HONOR. WE ARE PREPARED TO WAIVE A FULL REPORT BUT IF THE COURT WOULD LIKE A FULL REPORT --3 THE COURT: MR. CHADWICK, WHAT DO YOU THINK? 4 MR. CHADWICK: PEOPLE ARE ASKING FOR A FULL 5 REPORT, YOUR HONOR. 6 THE COURT: I THOUGHT THE PEOPLE MIGHT ASK FOR 7 ONE. 8 I'LL GET A FULL REPORT. I THINK IT'S APPROPRIÀTE. 9 IT'S A SERIOUS CASE, SERIOUS CHARGE, SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES, 1/6 AND I WOULD LIKE TO HEAR FROM MR. HERNANDEZ. I STILL HAVE 11 TO FIGURE OUT WHAT TO DO ABOUT THE PRISON PRIORS. I WOULD 12 LIKE TO HEAR HIS SIDE OF IT. 13 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE SENTENCED WITHIN TWENTY 14 COURT DAYS. YOUR LAWYER TELLS ME YOU WANT TO WAIVE TIME FOR 15 A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME ANYWAY TO ALLOW US TO DO THAT. I WAS 16 THINKING OF MAYBE JUNE THE 5TH OR THE 12TH -- ACTUALLY, NOT 17 THE 12TH BUT MAYBE THE 19TH. 18 MR. KAPP: THAT'S FINE, YOUR HONOR. 19 THE COURT: WHICH ONE? 20 MR. KAPP: THE 19TH IS FINE. 21 THE COURT: JUNE THE 19TH AT 8:30 IN DEPARTMENT 24 22 AT THE HALL OF JUSTICE. DISCUSSIONS, MR. KAPP AND MR. 23 CHADWICK, WILL BE AT 8:30 IN DEPARTMENT 26 ON THE THIRD 24 25 FLOOR.

MR. HERNANDEZ, DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS?

THE COURT: OKAY. ARE YOU ALL RIGHT? OKAY.

THE DEFENDANT: NO, SIR.

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THE DEFENDANT: ALL RIGHT.

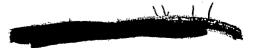
SHAKING YOUR HEAD YES. YOU'VE GOT TO SAY SOMETHING HERE ON THE RECORD. SAY YES OR NO. ALL RIGHT. THANK YOU, SIR, FOR SETTLING YOUR CASE. I'LL SEE YOU IN JUNE.

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA SS. COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA) I, LEANNA J. LANE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A FULL, TRUE AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS HAD IN THE WITHIN-ENTITLED ACTION HELD ON MAY 14, 1996. THAT, I REPORTED THE SAME IN STENOTYPE BEING THE QUALIFIED AND ACTING OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA, APPOINTED TO SAID COURT, AND THEREAFTER HAD THE SAME TRANSCRIBED INTO TYPEWRITING AS HEREIN APPEARS. DATED THIS 14TH DAY OF MAY, 1996. CERTIFICATE NO. 3337

Exhibit "B"



DECLARATION BY PETITIONER

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I Victor Hernandez declare under the penality of perjury:

(1) That prior to my plea agreement my attorney explained to me that the District Attorney had offered me a plea agreement which would result in me pleading guilty and getting a prison sentence in which I would serve twenty years and get twenty percent off for good behavior.

(2) When I entered the court room on the record the trial court took my plea and reminded me that I would be getting twenty percent off for good time credits.

(3) If I had known at the time of the plea that I could not earn goodtime worktime credits I would have not taken the deal.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the information I have provided is true and correct.

Victor Hernandez

EXHIBIT G

California Courts - Appellate Court Case Information

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CALIFORNIA APPELLATE COURTS



Case Information

Well come 6th Appellate District

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He 1p

Hernandez on Habeas Corpus

Opinions

Case Number H030961

home

Date	Description	Notes
12/13/2006	Petition for a writ of habeas corpus filed.	
01/05/2007	Case fully briefed.	
01/05/2007	Order denying petition filed.	The petition for writ of habeas corpus is denied (P, E, WD)
01/05/2007	Case complete.	
03/07/2007	Record purged - to be shipped to state records center.	,

Click here to request automatic e-mail notifications about this case.

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EXHIBIT H

May: 20. 2008 3:06PM

No. 8942 P. 10

13/FEB/2008

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CLERK SUPREME OCUPT

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CALIFORNIA

En Banc

In re VICTOR HERNANDEZ on Habeas Corpus

The petition for writ of habeas corpus is denied. (See In re Robbins (1998) 18 Cal.4th 770, 780.)

SUPREME COURT FILED

JUL 1 1 2007

Frederick K. Ohlrich Clerk

Deputy

GEORGE

Chief Justice

California Courts - Appellate Court Case Information

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CALIFORNIA APPELLATE COURTS



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Opinions

HERNANDEZ (VICTOR) ON H.C.

Help

Date	Description	Notes
02/06/2007	Received:	Request for a full investigation.
02/06/2007	Petition for writ of habeas corpus filed	Victor Hernandez, Petitioner Pro per
07/11/2007	Petition for writ of habeas corpus denied	(See In re Robbins (1998) 18 Cal.4th 770, 780.)
	Note: Mail returned (unable to forward)	

Click here to request automatic e-mail notifications about this case.

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DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY U.S. MAIL

Case Name: Hernandez v. Yates, Warden

No.: C 08-1154 JF (PR)

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter; my business address is 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004.

On <u>June 23, 2008</u>, I served the attached **MOTION TO DISMISS PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AS UNTIMELY** by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States Mail at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

Victor Hernandez No. K-31659 Pleasant Valley State Prison P.O. Box 8504 Fac D-3-128-L Coalinga, CA 93210

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on June 23, 2008, at San Francisco, California.

D. Desuyo	/s/ D. Desuyo
Declarant	Signature

20118229.wpd